The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,161—New Series. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1881.

SHIPPING.

HALL LINE STEAMERS.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS first-class are now issued at reduced fares available for six months.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Agents.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINSURA, 2,033 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 5th October, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. PUNJAUB, 1080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 4th October, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on FRIDAY, 30th September, 1881, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. BAGHDAD, 1,272 Tons, on THURSDAY, 20th October, 1881.

FOR RANGOON AND CHITTAGONG, VIA COCHIN.

S. S. BYCULLA, 1,464 Tons, about SATURDAY, 1st October, 1881.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

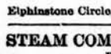
Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co. Agents.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 27th September, 1881.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.



ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave GENOA on the 21th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each Month.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 80
Suez	360	220	80
Port Said	360	240	90
Messina	500	340	140
Naples	500	340	140
Leghorn	500	340	140
Genoa	500	340	140
Marseilles	520	350	145

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

SINGAPORE, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st Oct., 1881.

MANILLA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st Nov., 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company. Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 1881.

UNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste:—

	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
s. s. DAPHNE	G. Dondich	1,227	400	20th Oct.
s. s. VORWAERTS	G. Marussig	2,391	450	6th Nov.
s. s. HELIOS	C. Lascarich	2,009	400	20th Jan. 1882

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under:—

To Trieste	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
	Rs. 450	Rs. 280	Rs. 140
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375	205	113
To Port Said	300	165	91
To Suez	300	240	122
To Aden	170	150	66

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. Marussig, 2,391 tons, 450 horse power, will be despatched as above on the 2nd October, 1881.

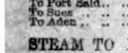
No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (limited) Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent. Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 16th, 1881.

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.



THE s. s. CLAN MACLEOD will sail for Liverpool on or about the 15th October, 1881.

Passage Money to Liverpool ..... Rs. 450.

For further particulars apply to FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay, 12th September, 1881. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY, GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

NOTICES.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES are the standard for weighing in all leading communities. Made in VERMONT, AMERICA, Their use is universal, their approval unqualified. For delicate adjustment and durable workmanship they are unsurpassed. HAND POWER AND WIND-MILL PUMPS and Agricultural Implements.

H. BALLANTINE, AGENT, 3, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

P. GRANT & SON, SADDLERS AND HARNESS-MAKERS, 31, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, Messrs. CURTIS'S and HARVEY'S GUN-POWDER, &c.

Loose Floating Powder in kegs of 25 lbs. Rs. 9-0 per keg.

Do.	F	do.	,, 12-0 do.
Do.	FF	do.	,, 12-8 do.
Do.	FFF	do.	,, 13-0 do.
½ lb. tins	F	in cases of 25 lbs.	,, 10-8 per doz lb.
Do.	FF	do.	,, 11-0 do.
Do.	FFF	do.	,, 12-0 do.
1 lb. tins	F	do.	,, 9-3 do.
Do.	FF	do.	,, 10-0 do.
Do.	FFF	do.	,, 11-0 do.
Do.	A W'l American	do.	,, 18-0 do.
Do.	U S Rifle	do.	,, 21-0 do.
Do.	No. 6 Cannister	do.	,, 15-0 per case.

HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM & Co., Apollo Street, May 12, 1881. Sole Agents.

H. J. MEYERS AND CO.'S CELEBRATED INDIAN TEAS

Procurable from SORABJEE CURSETJEE JEWELLER, Sole Agent in BOMBAY, 65, Breach Candy Road.

Send for a price-list.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
s. ANCONA	3091	600	E. G. Stead	29th Sept.
— MONGOLIA	2833	530	W. E. Thompson.	6th Oct.
s. KHEDIVE	3860	600	P. S. Tomlin	13th ,,
— BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Orman	20th ,,
s. CATHAY	2983	500	W. M. Robbie	27th ,,
— SIAM	3026	500	A. H. Johnson	3rd Nov.
s. VERONA	3116	600	E. Abdown	10th ,,
— ASSAM	2033	500	G. W. Brady	17th ,,
s. KHIVA	2699	450	M. de Horne	24th ,,

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, Trieste and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under. THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return,

Passengers booked to	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Southampton, both ways.
First Class	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,060
Second Class	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
GWALIOR	2733	450	A. W. Adamson	7th Oct.
THIBET	2933	400	W. R. Jordan	21st ,,
TIBERIAN	2389	400	A. C. Loggin	4th Nov.
PESHAWUR	3909	600	E. J. Baker	18th ,,

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER, Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company. Bombay, 26th September, 1881.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL (VIA MALTA).

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

S. S.	Captain	Tons.	H. P.	1881.
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd	2,700	400	6th Oct.
SPEKE HALL	W. Brand	2,700	400	22nd do.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	J. Verril	2,300	300	19th Nov.
TRENTHAM HALL	Jas. Shaw	2,100	300	3rd Dec.
WISTOW HALL	T. Collins	2,700	400	21st do.
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd	2,700	400	5th Jany.
SPEKE HALL	W. Brand	2,700	400	20th do.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD, BATES & Co., W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., } Agents.

Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS,

TO PASSENGERS leaving here after the end of May and returning after January, we are prepared to offer RETURN TICKETS on very favourable terms. Apply to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BABIES CUTTING TEETH.

	Cash Prices.
Electro Motor Teething Necklaces ..... each	Re. 1 0
Johnson's Soothing Syrup ..... per bottle	1 12
Steedman's Soothing Powders ... per packet	0 12
Winslow's Soothing Syrup ..... per bottle	0 12

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S OWN CRICKET-BALLS

are manufactured by a practical Kent Cricket-Ball Maker, who enjoys the distinguished patronage of the leading Professional Player in England, and being bought first-hand are offered at a reduction from the usual rates The FOUR-SEAMED Registered Match Balls are the best ever yet introduced.

	Cash.
Double-seamed Balls ..... Rs.	3 8
Treble-seamed Balls	4 0
Four-seamed Balls, "Registered"	4 8

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

NOTICE.—The Dispensing Departments of TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED, are under the supervision of thoroughly qualified and experienced ENGLISH CHEMISTS, whose particular attention is devoted to the preparation and dispensing of Medicines and to their punctual and expeditious despatch.

The PURITY and QUALITY of the DRUGS and CHEMICALS employed are determined by Chemical Analysis, and every facility provided for preparing medicines in strict accordance with PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS.

An exact copy of every Prescription dispensed is taken and registered, whereby a reference to the same at any future period can always be readily made.

Orders from Out-stations are executed and despatched on the day they are received.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

BOMBAY—RAMPART ROW, THE FORT: Three doors from the Bombay Club, and in the immediate vicinity of the Esplanade, Taylor's, Victoria, Waverley, and other Hotels.

BYCULLA—JUNCTION OF CLARE AND BELLASIS ROADS, near the Byculla Club, and Byculla and Railway Hotels.

POONA—ARSENAL ROAD.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., CHEMISTS, &c., BY APPOINTMENT TO THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

TREACHER & Co.'s SUPERIOR FINO-SHERRY

IS a pale, dry, and delicate WINE, perfectly pure, and of great character and agreeable flavour. The Wine has been under the notice and careful consideration of the Management for several years past, and they have, therefore, every confidence in placing it before the Public, feeling assured that it will be appreciated by all who value a genuine natural Wine.

Per dozen, cash, Rs. 30.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., WINE MERCHANTS, BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR, CHEMISTS, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM.—An effectual remedy for Bronchitis, Whooping-cough, Hoarseness, &c., an excellent and safe preparation for children, being free from any dangerous or injurious drugs. Re. 1 per bottle.

DENTALINE.—An excellent mouth-wash and dentifrice; only requires to be used once to be appreciated. Re. 1-8 per bottle.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR, CHEMISTS, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE,

SEASON 1881-82.

ENGAGEMENTS.

MISS EDITH WILSON begs to announce the engagements of Miss ADA LESTER, Miss KATE THOBURN, Miss LIZZIE HEYES, Mr. F. MEIER, Mr. J. S. HEWITT, Mr. J. TURNER, and Mr. L. WARD.

Plan of the Seats and Prospectus at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Limited.

TO BE LET, from 4th October, an upper-storied fully furnished BUNGALOW in upper Colaba, containing 2 bed-rooms, 2 bath-rooms, 2 drawing-rooms, 1 office-room, and 1 dining-room, facing the sea. Rent Rs. 150. Apply to

B. SAKARAMJEE & CO. 33, Meadow Street. House and Estate Agents.

THE NEW INDIAN PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 15 (Fifteen) per share, being at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, will be paid on and after the 7th October, 1881, to the shareholders of the Company whose names stood on the Register on the 17th instant, on production of the share certificates.

By order of the Board, GADDUM & CO., Secretaries and Treasurers. Bombay, 28th September, 1881.

NOTICE.

UNDERSIGNED gives notice that he will hold an AUCTION at Damaun Road Station, on TUESDAY MORNING, the 4th October, 1881, at 8 o'clock, of the stocks of SALT now lying at Damaun. He will sell 50,000 maunds absolutely without reserve to the highest bidder. All further information may be obtained on application to the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, in charge Head-quarter Office, Bombay.

W. PORTEOUS, Acting Collector of Salt Revenue. Poona, 27th September, 1881.

THE undersigned have received a supply of CARLOWITZ in Two Qualities at Rs. 16 and 20 per dozen quarts. The above are particularly recommended.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

AGRICULTURAL BANKS FOR INDIA.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, Bom. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers.

NOW READY, BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share List and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AT the SPECIAL MEETING of the CORPORATION to be held TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) the following notices of motion will be laid before the meeting:—(1) From Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., C.S.I., of his intention to propose the re-election of Mr. Rienzi Walton as Executive Engineer of the Municipality. Mr. N. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy seconding the proposition; (2) from Brigade-Surgeon H. Cook of intention to propose the re-election of Surgeon T. S. Weir as Health Officer of Bombay, the Hon'ble Rao Saheb Vishvanath Narayen Mandlik seconding the proposal; (3) the Chairman will move that, as recommended by the Town Council, the Corporation sanctions an expenditure of Rs. 3,97,360 for constructing filter beds and a masonry roof over the whole of the Malabar Hill Reservoir, and that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to apply to Government, for a grant of a loan to the Corporation of the sum of four lakhs of rupees, bearing interest at four-and-a-half per centum per annum, the principal to be repaid in thirty years, or for granting power to the Corporation to borrow the four lakhs of rupees in the open market, to provide for the cost of constructing the said works; (4) Mr. H. E. Jacomb, C.S., will move and Sir Frank H. Souter will second the following amendment:—That sanction be given at present to the estimate for roofing over the service tank only, leaving the settling tank and filter beds uncovered until experience shows that there is a real necessity for their protection.

H. WYNFORD HARROW, Clerk, Municipal Corporation, & Secretary, Town Council. Bombay, Municipal Offices, 28th September, 1881.

THE BROACH COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING COMPANY, Limited.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders will be held at the registered office of the company No 6, Hummum Street, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of October, 1881, at 3-30 p. m., for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st To receive the Directors' report and the audited accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1881.
2nd To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, who retires by rotation in terms of the articles of association, but who is eligible for re-election.
3rd To confirm the appointment of Mr. Jairaj Muokonjee who was elected by the Directors in place of Mr. Dwarkadass Vuesunjee, deceased.
4th To confirm the appointment of Mr. J. G. Smith, who was elected by the Directors in place of Mr. Douglas, proceeded to Europe.
5th To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration.
6th To consider any other business which may be brought before the meeting.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from 3rd to 11th October 1881, both days inclusive.

JAMES G. SMITH, Chairman. Bombay, 28th September, 1881.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of Act X of 1866 and in the matter of The MANDVIE SPINNING, WEAVING and PRESS COMPANY, Limited, in Liquidation.

UPON reading the affidavit of Mr. JOHN YOUNG LANG, the Official Liquidator of the above-named Company, sworn on the 26th day of September, instant, and the exhibits thereto annexed, and on hearing Mr. FARRE, of the firm of Messrs. Smith and Frere, the attorneys for the Official Liquidator, I DO ORDER that the creditors and the shareholders of the abovenamed Company, and other persons concerned therein, do ATTEND in my Chambers in the Court House on the FOURTH day of October, 1881, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and SHOW CAUSE, if any they have, why proceedings should not be taken for the purpose of closing the liquidation of the abovenamed Company, and for the purpose of dissolving the same in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act X of 1866, and I DO ORDER that previously to the 4th day of October, 1881, his summons be advertised once in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, twice respectively in the *Bombay Gazette*, the *Times of India*, the *Bombay Summachar*, and the *Jam-e-Jemsheed*, and once in the *Hindu Prakash* newspapers.—Dated this 27th day of September, 1881.

L. H. BAYLEY.

SMITH AND FRERE, Attorneys for the Official Liquidators.

BOLTON & CO.

VASELINE IN THE NURSERY.

For the various skin troubles of children it is the most effectual, delicate, and unobjectionable application known. Has no smell, taste, will never become rancid, and is as delicious to use as Cream.

VASELINE FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

The public are earnestly recommended to use Vaseline in all cases where they have hitherto used glycerine. When once Vaseline has been admitted into a house it will never be without it again.

POMADE VASELINE

Is the purest and best Hair preparation extant. The growth and luxurance of the Hair is promoted by its use, and the head and hair are kept sweet and clean, the hair strengthened and preserved, and the scalp is kept free from Scurf and Dandriff.

VASELINE COLD CREAM.

Dr. Esmarch, University of Kiel, says "Vaseline Cold Cream has most excellent properties." Vaseline Cold Cream applied to the face every night will keep the complexion clear and youthful, and the skin from cracking. It is good for use after shaving. It will remove sunburn, freckles, and cure chapped hands. For use after sea bathing.

VASELINE TOILET SOAPS.

The admirable properties of Vaseline render these soaps not only truly elegant toilet articles, but indispensable in the family, and for infants and invalids.

VASELINE CAMPHOR ICE.

Recommended by the *Lancet* for the lips, and removing pimples and blotches from the face.

VASELINE HARNESS OIL PASTE.

This Paste renders the leather soft, pliable, waterproof, very durable, and not liable to gum or crack after exposure. It is a most superior article, and excels anything of its kind in the market.

VETERINARY VASELINE.

For the cure of injuries and diseases of Horses, Cattle, and other Animals, Very useful in the Stable and on the Farm. A specific for Scratches.

VASELINE HAIR TONIC

Has precisely the same properties as the Pomade Vaseline, but is more agreeable for ladies' use, being a liquid preparation.

CAMPHORATED VASELINE.

A highly efficient remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia Catarrh, Gathered Breasts and special uses.

BOLTON & Co.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S UNEQUALLED SCOTCH WHISKY.

Cash per doz. Rs.	as.		Cash per doz. Rs.	as.
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		A blend composed of matured Whiskies from the most renowned Distilleries in Scotland.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		The cream of Scotch Whiskies.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Softened and matured by Age.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Pure, wholesome, possessing great flavour.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Guaranteed to be distilled from pure malt, and free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Consists of the finest Whiskies selected from those distilled during each fine Barley season.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Of uniform quality at all times.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		The Butting, Bonding, and Blending is carefully attended to by practical men at Treacher and Compauy's Scotch Agency, and is one of the chief secrets of the success of the article.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Highly recommended as a stimulant by many eminent Physicians.		
22	8	... Treacher's... ... GLENLIVET... ... Whisky ...	22	8
		Is supplied to upwards of eighty Regimental Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., WINE MERCHANTS, BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CLARETS IN WOOD.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Medoc of about 48 Imp. galls. or 24 dozs. ...	172 0	180 0
St. Estephe ,, ,, ...	216 0	231 0

We are now registering orders for the above. The first supply is expected about the middle of October next.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!!

MADE TO MEASURE OR READY FOR WEAR.

HOAR and Co. have a large choice of the latest designs in all SHI... Their Flannels, &c., are thoroughly shrunk, and for White Shirts they u... Long-cloths, which secures the strongest sewing possible.

		Rs.		Rs.
SHIRTS	Plain White, Military Fronts, for wear with Uniform	6 for 23	Superfine White, Fine Linen Collars, Fronts, &c.	6 for 36
SHIRTS	Best White Fine Linen Fronts and Cuffs	6 for 28	Best White, with Collars attached, fine Linen Fronts, &c.	6 for 32
SHIRTS	Oxford Cloth, the original soft make, in all the new Designs	6 for 36	Tropical Flannel, a new sanitless material cool	6 for 46
SHIRTS	French Printed Cambric, a large choice of the latest Designs	6 for 30	Best-wove Flannel, plain Colours, Stripes or Check	6 for 54
SHIRTS	Spun Silk, White Fancy Checks or Stripes, a silk, adway retaining its softness, very cool wear	6 for 72	Silk and Wool, a new make, adway retaining its softness, very cool wear	6 for 56
SHIRTS	Cricketing or Boating, fine Saxony Flannel	6 for 52		

Patterns, with our Price List, and improved Self-measurement System on application.

CASH DISCOUNT—TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE.

HOAR & CO., SHIRT-MAKERS, 3, RAMPART ROW. BOMBAY.

C. MARCKS AND CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

JEWELLERS,

GOLD AND SILVER SMITHS,

OPTICIANS,

AGENTS FOR DR. MENIST'S

FIELD-GLASSES, PEBBLE SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES.

AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER'S

CELEBRATED SQUARE PIANOS.

2, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS, ENGINEERS, IRON FOUNDERS, &C., BYCULLA IRON WORKS.

IRON CASTINGS of all kinds, up to 20 tons weight, made from Pig Iron and Selected Scrap.

BRASS, GUN METAL, and PHOSPHOR BRONZE CASTINGS made to order.

WROUGHT IRON FORGINGS, from the best brands of Iron, forged under the Steam Hammer.

IRON BRIDGES, Girders, Roofs and other structural Iron Work, designed, manufactured, and erected

ROLLED IRON BEAMS imported to special order. Tables of sizes, weights, and calculated loads sent on application.

FLOORING PLATES, Buckled, Corrugated and Arched, for Bridges and Fireproof Floors, imported to order.

PORTABLE ENGINES, by Clayton and Shuttleworth, kept in our Bombay Stores. These Engines have the largest cylinder and fire-box capacity in proportion to horse power, than Engines by any other Maker.

INVINCIBLE CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS by J. and H. Gwynne, various sizes, always available. These are the most economicnl Steam Pumps yet introduced.

HAND PUMPS, of various kinds, always ready.

MACHINE TOOLS.—Lathes, Drilling, Screwing, Slotting, Planing, Emery-grinding, and other Machines kept in stock, or imported from the best English Makers.

ENGINEERS' TOOLS.—Taps and Dies by Whitworths and Chatwin, Twist Drills, Spanners of all kinds, Hammers, Chisels, &c., supplied to order. Sets of Fitters,' Smiths,' and Boiler Makers' Tools in boxes.

METALS.—Bar Plate, Sheet and Galvanized Iron, Copper Sheets and Bars, Brass Sheets, Muntz Metal and all kinds of Metals supplied at the lowest rates.

PIPES, Cast and Wrought Iron, of all sizes supplied to order.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS SENT ON RECEIPT OF PO...

RICHARDSON & CRUDD...

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—The undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS for the EXECUTION by PETTY CONTRACTS of the undermentioned works:—

1. Certain works in connection with the Back Bay Reclamation near Sonapoor.
2. Paving the floors of godowns in H. M.'s Dockyard, Bombay.

Forms of tender and other particulars can be obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

The tenders duly signed, sealed and endorsed to be delivered at the office of the undersigned on or before the 8th October, 1881.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C. E., Acting Executive Engineer, Presidency. Bombay, 27th September, 1881.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

HAMILTON'S.—I have stayed in Hamilton's Hotel for two months, and have no hesitation in saying that it is the best and most comfortable hotel I have seen in India. It is particularly clean, and the Proprietor is most obliging.—R. R. S. STURT, LL., 2nd Punj. M. C. 10th August, 1881.

WANTED a small CART, in good order, suitable for a Pegu pony. Address S. R., care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MINIATURE BILLIARD TABLES, complete with cues, balls and marking boards, at JOHN ROBERTS & Co.'s, 18, Marine Street, Bombay.

PROVISION Cash Stores near the Crawford Market, in a line with the Cash Bazaar. Fresh Oilmanstores of the best quality at cash rates.

WANTED, by a Gentleman and Lady, furnished LODGINGS, with or without board; in the Fort preferred. Apply to "G," care of this Paper.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, entirely under European management, open to the sea-breeze on every side, thoroughly renovated. Best table in Bombay.

STYLISH English-built DOG-CART, with lamps complete, suitable for galloway or pony. Trial may be taken. Price, Rs. 220. "A. B.," *Gazette* office.

RUINART'S Champagne, green seal, established 1791. Magnums, Rs. 98 per doz.; quarts, Rs. 50 per doz.; pints, Rs. 26 per doz. Apply Ewart, Latham & Co.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1881. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO BE SOLD, the owner going away, a JAFFERABAD BUFFALO, three months in calf, now giving ten seers of milk daily. Apply to "P.," office of this paper.

ON and after the 1st October next the business of my Agency, as BAZAAR AGENT, will be carried on under the name of MANECKJEE & Co.—E. MANECKJEE.

WANTED PRESENT ADDRESS of Mr. J. W. LAING, late guardian of H. H. THE MAHA RANA of JHALRA PATAN, Jallawar. Apply B. B. J., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, light pony or galloway CART, built on Bamboo principle, with springs nearly new, very strong and well-made. Price Rs. 300. Apply to SORABSHAW DALAL, Head Clerk, Staff Office, Baroda.

SODAWATER MANUFACTURERS and OTHERS.—The Indian Zoedone Company, Limited, are prepared to receive tenders for the bottling of Zoedone in this Country. Apply to C. H. B. FORBES & Co., Agents.

WANTED the services of a MANAGER (native preferred) for a Cotton Mill. Good practical experience as spinner and carder necessary. Good remuneration for a thoroughly good man. Apply by letter to C., care of the Manager of this paper.

FOR SALE, excellent easy running Nugget-built TONGA with patent axle, adjustable pole and hung on 4 English springs, serviceable brawn brass mounted harness, and a pair of hardworking gray galloways. Apply A. B. C., Post Office, Nasik

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Sale Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passengers Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PRIME BREAKFAST BACON and CHEDDAR CHEESE, in cut, at 11 annas per lb. EARSE, 2 2, Apollo Street, and 23, Rampart Row.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give public notice that I will NOT be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBTS contracted in my name by the person who calls herself MY WIFE, JOSEPH HEMINGWAY. Bombay, Sept. 26, 1881.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

WANTED TENDERS for the CONSTRUCTION of a WAREHOUSE, 150 feet long by 108 feet wide, to be built in Coorla street on the Port Trust Estate.

Plans and specification can be seen, and all particulars obtained at the office of Mr. J. Hewson, A.I.C.E., 9, Forbes Street, Fort.

Tenders to be submitted to the undersigned by noon on MONDAY, 3rd proximo.

The undersigned do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

LANG, MOIR & Co.

JUST PUBLISHED.

HAND-BOOK OF THE INDIAN GOLD MINING COMPANY.

CONTENTS.

List of Indian Gold Mining Companies.
Alphabetical List of

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 28.

In the ten days which have elapsed since the departure of last mail, there has been rather more doing in Cotton owing to the stronger advices from home, and transactions in Wheat have been on a large scale inducing correspondingly extensive engagements of freight, the rate for Liverpool early shipment having been run up to 45s. to 47s. 6d.; but with these exceptions business has not been active. Imports of all kinds show marked depression, Piece-Goods, Metals, and Coals being all in excessive supply; and notwithstanding the undoubtedly favourable character of crop reports, it seems very doubtful whether any of these markets will recover unless supplies become more restricted—a very unlikely thing at this season of the year. Money is no easier and Government Paper is weak, Sterling Exchange steadier in consequence. Shares, although not active, are generally pretty firm.

MONEY.—The last Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday showed a less favourable position again, and hopes of easier money betwixt this and the busy season seem likely to be disappointed. The exchange banks are no doubt laying down funds to a fair extent in the shape of Silver and Council drafts, but as against this it is very evident we are likely to have fully an equivalent amount of export trade. From now up to the end of the year close on 500,000 steamer tons of freight have been engaged, and although this is mostly against Wheat and Gingelly Seed which do not represent anything like the value of Cotton, still it is evident that money requirements will nothing if any short of available supplies. We do not expect the official rates of discount with the presidency bank will be raised from the present level, but there is equally little chance of any reduction.

EXCHANGE.—There has been a moderate business doing in sterling since the departure of last steamer, and rates have fluctuated but slightly, the difference between the highest and lowest rates having never exceeded 1-16d. per rupee. On the resumption of business after the Parsee holidays last mail-day, a slightly easier tendency was apparent with a decline of 1-32d., and we opened for this steamer on Wednesday morning on the basis of 1s. 7 27-32d. for demand Bank Bills and 1s. 8⅝d. for 3 months' Credits. On Thursday owing to Council drafts having gone at 1s. 7 13-16d., and Bar Silver weakening in sympathy, a further partial decline of 1-32d. took place, which was fully established all round on Friday. No change occurred until Monday, when an advance of 1-32d. was quoted owing to a slight advance in Bar Silver, and yesterday a further 1-32d. was recovered. To-day we have been very steady but unchanged, closing quotations being:—Bank Bills on demand 1s. 7⅞d., Telegraphic 1s. 7 27-32d., 3 months' 1s. 8d.; Credits, 3 months' sight 1s. 8⅛d.; Documents, 1s. 8 5-32d.; Francs, 3 months' 2·13 per rupee.

For future delivery the Banks now show rather more willingness to sell. Formerly they would buy but not sell up to the end of the year at ready rates, but to-day they are willing to go into next year at 1-32d. advance. This is not perhaps indicative of any great amount of strength, but it shows at all events that there is not much fear of any important decline. In the immediate future we shall as usual be guided by the result of the biddings for Council drafts in London to-day. The general opinion appears to be that the minimum will be fixed at 1s. 7⅞d., and if the whole 35 lacs are taken up at that the market will probably tend firmer.

On Calcutta the rate for demand drafts remains at par, 60 days' sight at ⅛ per cent. discount. On China the nominal quotation for 60 days' sight Mercantile drafts is Rs. 219 per 100 dollars. From Hong-Kong, the latest quotation by wire for 4 months' sight Bank Bills on London is 3s. 8¼d. per dollar, and from Shanghai 5s. 1¼d. per tael.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.—The market has ruled rather irregular, but on the average the movements have been upwards. Consequent on stronger advices from London, we opened last mail-day at Rs. 101 for Fours and Rs. 110 for Fours-and-a-half. On Wednesday with an active demand from Calcutta an advance of ½ to ½ per cent. took place, and on the following day a further improvement of 1-16 to ¼ was noted. Friday saw a quieter feeling with a decline of ¼ to ⅓, and on Saturday rates were again ¼ lower. On Monday, however, a slight recovery was apparent, which was fully maintained yesterday, but to-day the market has been dull and closing quotations are:—Fours Rs. 101½; Fours-and-a-half Rs. 110¾.

As regards the future, a few of the speculators still express strong opinions, but now that it is becoming evident we are not likely to have cheaper money for some time, we cannot see any great hope of improvement. The probability of next Budget turning out very favourable as an assuring feature for the more distant future, and it seems not unlikely cheap money at home will also have a steadying tendency, but for some months [illegible] advance.

SHARES.—Speculation latterly has not been particularly brisk, and transactions have been to some extent [illegible] the Parsee holidays, but as a general [illegible] which have taken place in [illegible] sellers. In Banks the only [illegible] Bank of Bombay which changed at Rs. 710. Amongst Insurance Companies, Colabas were received Rs. 30, closing at Rs. 350; Post Canteens, Rs. 2½, closing at Rs. 210. In Press shares [illegible] a decline of Rs. 50 in Advocate, Allen [illegible] Times of India, Rs. 20 in Standard, and [illegible] Punjaub, but Free Press [illegible] Examiners Rs. 50, Colaba Rs. 25, and Mofussil Rs. 20. Spinning and Weaving Mill shares have been decidedly stronger throughout. Dharumseys are Rs. 50 lower, but most other Companies are Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 higher, and in the case of Khandesh the advance is Rs. 25. The National Spinning Co. have declared a dividend of Rs. 70 per share for the half-year, being at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum. In Miscellaneous Companies there is an advance of Rs. 10 in Bombay Burmah Trading, Rs. 5 in Kurla Docks, Land and Shipping, and Rs. 3 in Treadwell's. Empire Bombay Saw Mills are Rs. 50 lower, and Wynaad Gold Mine have declined Rs. 2.

PIECE-GOODS.—There is practically no improvement of any kind to notice in the position of the market. The clearances from the bazaar during the past week are not estimated at more than about 1,500 packages, and as arrivals are on a large scale, the already heavy stocks are being steadily increased instead of reduced. With this position to face, dealers have naturally been the reverse of willing operators for [illegible] and [illegible] at the same time being somewhat [illegible] fresh business doing. It is hoped that after Dewali, which takes place [illegible] may see a development but [illegible] that [illegible] week have been [illegible] Grey Shirtings continue [illegible] prices. Of 9lbs. to As. 7 3-16 per lb. [illegible] at 2,000 bales for the [illegible] to As. 7 9-16 per lb. for 20lbs.

IRON.—In Copper there has been more activity present, and a considerable [illegible] has been done to arrive, prices owing to a rise at home having advanced Rs. 1 per cwt. Yellow Metal is also in better request and may be quoted As. 8 to As. 12 per [illegible] we there is no improvement to note. Stocks are so enormous as to [illegible] hope of early recovery.

COALS.—Heavy [illegible] on the spot, and rather more [illegible] future shipments, the [illegible] one or two firms have led to a decline [illegible] Cardiff, [illegible] part of the week was sold at Rs. 14, and for Darjeeling Rs. 13, but [illegible] not quite better than Rs. 12. [illegible] these low figures imports [illegible] and when the season [illegible] use of a few weeks, ov[illegible] the tone of [illegible] decidedly better [illegible] stocks of [illegible] would [illegible] price if [illegible]

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	11p.ct.	735
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	800
Bank of Madras	40,000	500	all	8 do.	650
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	120
Chart'd Bank, I. C.	40,000	20	all	3 do.	310
Chart'd Mercantile	30,000	25	all	6 do.	360
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	281	all	10½ do.	600
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5½ do.	106
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	295

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,400
Parell S. & W. Co. Ltd.	2,500	400	400	50	410
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	1,000	100	5	137
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	1,700	500	35 p. s.	660
Allianced Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	...	..	1,040
Bhowanuggur Mills	300	2,000	2,000	100	975
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,015
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	10 p. s.	850
Cooria Mills	800	50	1,000	50	960
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	885
Empress S. & W. Co.	736	500	all	25 p. s.	850
Ditto (New issue)	400	500	150	..	450
Golam Baba S. Co.	1,000	500	500	20	535
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,155
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,165
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhatloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,155
Kamptee	750	1,000	1,000	30	1,015
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,080-5
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,050
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	60	615
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	Rs. 90	1,555
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	15 p. s.	260-0d.
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	60	1,050
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,125
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,150
Oriental	4,000	625	625	Rs. 35	855
Prince of Wales Spinning Company	1,500	500	500	35	435-0d.
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	1,000	65	1,200-0d.
Shoiapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,150
Soondercbas	750	1,000	1,000	50	1,045
Standard India	500	500	Rs. 30	55	700-0d.
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	60	1040
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	200	15	820

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-8-0	5 p. ct	315
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	130-14-6	do	26
Ditto	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,040
Do. New £1 Shares.	..	£18	196-5-15	do	315

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 12-4-6
Carolas	„ 236
Mexican Dollars	„ 224
Five-Franc Pieces	„ 224
Bar Silver, 17 to 17½ betterness	„ 106-6-6
Gold Leaf	„ 19-9-6
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	„ 19-7-9
Australian Gold, 100 touch	„ 19-7-3
Bombay Bar Gold 100 touch	„ 19-9-3
Pekin Gold Bars	„ 19-5

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Hathersage, 1,075 tons, Captain W. Hoare, sailed yesterday for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Poccia, 1,813 tons, Captain S. Baner, arrived in harbour yesterday from Odessa (28th Aug.), via Constantinople, Smyrna, Port Said, Suez Canal, and Aden, in ballast.

THE steamer Royal Welsh, 961 tons, Captain S. W. Pearse, arrived in harbour yesterday from Malta (9th Sept.), in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. McCulloch, Bayes and Co.

THE steamer Lady Lycett, 1,198 tons, Captain Geo. Eratt, arrived in harbour on the 27th instant from Alexandria (8th Sept.), in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. McCulloch, Bayes and Co.

THE B. P. S. N. Co.'s steamer Caldur, 400 tons, from the Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and 70 horses, 16 syces, one first class and 23 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Roumania, 2,207 tons, Captain T. G. Knox, sailed yesterday for Marseilles with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Marseilles.—Captain Buller and Lieut. Col. Green. For Port Said.—Captain C. C. Barlow and Captain M. Barlow.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Gwalior, 1,749 tons, Captain A. W. Adamson, which arrived in harbour on the 27th instant from Venice (22nd Sept.), brought the English mail and the following cargo:—13 packages glassware, 105 packages piece-goods, 2 boxes specie, 2 bales twist, 40 tons silver, 4 packages wool, 4 cases wine, 4 cases saffron, 10 cases grapes, 4 cases metalwire, 84 cases beads, 45 bags flour, 38 packages papers, 6 boxes gold, 10 cases boots, 15 bundles ivory, 6 cases provisions, 3 cases watches, 1 package colors and paints, and many packages merchandize.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
27	Indy L.	Eratt	Alexandria, Sept. 8.
28	Caldur	Fraser	Bussorah, Sept. 17.
28	Lady Lycett	Eratt	Malta, Sept. 9.
28	Poccia	Baner	Odessa, Aug. 28.
28	Columbian	Baldwin	Jeddah.

DEPARTURE.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
28	Roumania	Knox	Marseilles.
	Hathersage	Hoare	Hamburg.

The following vessels were entered for loading to-day:—
Steamer Lady Lycett, to Marseilles.
Steamer Royal Welsh, to Marseilles.
Steamer Ancona, to China, &c.
Steamer Wilton, to Port Said.
Steamer Caldur, to Persian Gulf.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.			
23	Ethiopia	Melville	Bombay, Aug. 31.
24	Francesco Crispi	Millo	Marseilles, Aug. 31.
24	Fairfield	Miller	Liverpool, Aug. 11.
	Robson		Algiers, Aug. 26.
	Fydra		Suez, Aug. 26.
			Jeddah, Sept. 13.
			Singapore, Aug. 29.
	Earl of Zetland	Burness	Singapore, Aug. 29.
	La France	Pasquino	Mauritius, Aug. 27.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 23.—Steamers Sylvanus, Penuba and Madras.
Barque showed J. G. H.
Do. 24.—Steamers Khedive and Annandale, Barques Cape City and Somaliland.

ADEN.

ARRIVALS.

July			
20	Mindeello	Crevet	Rotterdam, Aug. 6.
Sept.			
2	Pingona	Cuthbert	Port Dickson.
5	Chiltern	Goodsall	London.
6	Thomas Turnbull	Richman	Cardiff.
9	Prins Hendrik	Bakker	Batavia.
10	Iris	Petersen	Rangoon.
12	Cowasjee	Pestonjee	Shanghai.
13	Revenge	Cogswell	London.
13	Tantalon	Hunter	Manilla.
13	Liddesdale	Arkley	Cocanada.
13	Sumatra	Briscoe	Bombay.
13	Arab	H. M.'s	Stafford.
14	Triton	Caro	Java.
17	Rapido	G. B.	Saumaqua.
17	Saxine	Petrie	Pondicherry.
17	H. C. Oriel	Orsted	Shanghai.
15	Scotland	Cuper	London.
15	Cairnstone	Storey	Calcutta.
15	Counsellor	Lance	Calcutta.
15	Newkastle	Harmuz	Trieste.
15	Shakir	Robson	Rangoon.
15	Amazone	Lorman	Shanghai.
15	Sindh	Leginere	Marseilles.
16	Gallipoli	Bellevia	London.
15	Deacon Hill	Hutton	Macoeda.
16	Castleton	Rose	Russell.
16	Wolviston	Cooper	Russell.
16	Godavery	Manice	Mauritius.
17	Osmanli	Cooper	Chittagong.
17	Peer of the Realm	Grieve	Iloilo.
17	Shelley	Johansen	Bombay.
17	Reina Mercedes	Munitz	Manilla.
17	Serapis	Nevin	Java.
19	Hungaria	Stuell	Bombay.
19	Orion	Rhios	Calcutta.
19	Sassi	Burnet	Zanzibar.
19	County of Peebles	Ship Pordyce	Cardiff.

DEPARTURES.

Prins Hendrik, —, Bakker, to Amsterdam.
Zambesi, ss, Symonds, to London.
Ethiopia, ss, Melville, to Bombay.
Thomas, ss, Stewart, to Bombay.
Iris, ss, Briscoe, to Penang.
Sumatra, ss, Briscoe, to Penang.
Liddesdale, ss, Arkley, to Marseilles.
Tantalon, ss, Hunter, to Port Said.
Revenge, ss, Cogswell, to Dunkirk.
Cowasjee, ss, Pestonjee, to Shanghai.
Counsellor, ss, Lance, to Calcutta.
Cairnstone, ss, Storey, to Calcutta.
Scotland, ss, Cuper, to London.
Newkastle, ss, Harmuz, to Trieste.
Shakir, ss, Robson, to Rangoon.
Amazone, ss, Lorman, to Shanghai.
Sindh, ss, Leginere, to Marseilles.
Gallipoli, ss, Bellevia, to London.
Deacon Hill, ss, Hutton, to Macoeda.
Osmanli, ss, Cooper, to Chittagong.
Godavery, ss, Manice, to Mauritius.
Peer of the Realm, ss, Grieve, to Iloilo.
Shelley, ss, Johansen, to Bombay.
Reina Mercedes, ss, Munitz, to Manilla.
Serapis, ss, Nevin, to Java.
Hungaria, ss, Stuell, to Bombay.
Orion, ss, Rhios, to Calcutta.
Sassi, Bark, Olling, to Zanzibar.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 28.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall (s)—150 cases yellow metal sheets, Ritchie, Steuart and Co; 500 barrels alum, Geo. Jenning and Co; 4 casks glassware, Yanjee Cassee; 95 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons; 22 packages earthen and 1 cask glassware, Soomar Veera; 26 packages earthenware, Cassum Ameer; 200 kegs iron rose nails, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Lady Octavia—9 packages earthenware and 32 packages glassware, Gangjee Poona.
Ravenna (s)—3 packages brandy, Pestonjee and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore (s)—22 boxes brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Son.

FROM TRIESTE.

Vorwaerts (s)—3 cases gold and silver papers, Byramjee Shapoorjee.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Singapore (s)—51 cases vermouth and 8 cases brandy, Eduljee Bazonjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rydal Hall (s)—781 cwts wheat, Bhoraj Nurpal; 485 cwts wheat, Dewjee Jaywat; 62 bales wool, Pearaj Khan Mahamed; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 71 bales cotton, Cooverjee Lilladhur; 54 bales wool, Jeewandass Premjee; 81 bales wool, Moorarjee Visram; 62 bales skins, Faruham and Co; 161 cwts coir yarn, Runchordass Khetsee; 46 bales cotton, Motti Jaitha; 54 bales cotton, Khuttowmull Tolaram; 52 bales cotton, Runchordass Lalljee; 800 cwts wheat, Jaitha Purshotum; 500 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 800 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Ancona (s)—91 cwts ivory, Surriff Durvesh; 13¾ cwts ivory, Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy; 2 cwts ivory, Nanchund Jawerchund; 125 cwts coir yarn, Mamedjee Hajee Adomjee; 2 cases shawls, Aga Ahmedally.

FOR VENICE.

Mongolia (s)—1,100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore (s)—22 bales wool, F. Sauquet and Co; 3 cwts garnet stone, M. Mondolfo and Co; 300 cwts mowra seed, Jamsetjee Brothers.
Lady Lycett (s)—15,057 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.
Royal Welsh (s)—32,000 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co.
Roumania (s)—96 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore (s)—19 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co; 50 bales cotton, Peel, Cassels and Co; 114 bales cotton, Olcese and Co; 96 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Mongolia (s)—700 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MESINA.

Singapore (s)—85 bales cotton, Govindjee Khoosal.

FOR PORT SAID.

Wilton (s)—10,000 cwts wheat, Sigg-Sulzier and Co.
Mongolia (s)—270 packages tobacco, the P. and O. Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Mongolia (s)—33 bales carpets, the P. and O. Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Kerbala (s)—20 bales cotton, Harvey and Sabapatty.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Ancona (s)—50 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 25 bale twist, the N. S. and W. Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Vorwaerts (s)—36 bales cotton, Buneechund Fukeerchund; 91 bales cotton, Noopchund Nowrungroy; 15 bales cotton and 1383 bales twist, Hormusjee Mullick; 84 bales twist, Tyeb Hajee Joonos; 250 bales twist, Sewnaran Joovarimull; 25 bales twist, Ebram Noordin; 70 bales twist, Tata and Co; 38 bales twist, the C. I. S. and W. Co; 42 bales cotton, Gooljee Singance; 19 bales cotton, Luckmidass Kesowjee; 20 chests opium, Nemrai Jumbhagut; 37 chests opium, Hajee Esmail Hajee Abdoola.
Ancona (s)—125 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 80 bales twist, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 25 bales twist, the N. S. and W. Co.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 29.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)
Motion for hearing.

324-81—Crawford and R.—Nusserwanjee Merwanjee Panday and others vs J. Gordon and others—Craigie, L. and O., Hearn C. and L.—Part heard.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

475-80—R. M. Sayani—C. A. Turner vs Nusserwanjee Ardasir Wadia—Hearn C. and L.—Part heard.
589-72—H. Bicknell—Icharam Gungadass vs Nundlal Beharilal and others—Shapurjee and T. and Ardesir and H.—Part heard.
150-79—Craigie, L. and O.—C. A. Turner vs Kesowjee Naik Hearn, C. and L.—Part heard.
7-81—Janardhun and H.—Morajee Premjee vs Bhimjee Ghirdhur and others—J. Macfarlane.—Part heard.
195-80—Tyabjee and D.—Hajee Abdul R. Hajee Allanika vs T. Henderson and others—Craigie, L. and O.
199-80—Shapurjee and T.—Chatterbhooj Khimjee and another vs Cassibai—Hearn, C. and L.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)
Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Gooroo Harinarayen Gungadass Mathooradass Bawa, deceased.—Tyabjee and D.—Balakdasjee Gooroo Gungadassjee Bawa vs Ramchurundassee Gungadass Bawa—Crawford and R.—Part heard.
In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Bawajee Gungadassjee Mathooradassjee Ramdasjee, deceased—Crawford and R.—Ramcharandasjee Gungadassjee Bawa vs Balakdasjee Bawa Gooroo Gungadasjee Bawa—Tyebjee and D.
In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act X of 1866 and in the matter of the Colaba S. and W. Company.
Payne and G.—The Assignee of the estate of Nursey Kesowjee and Co. of Hongkong vs H. R. Cormack and others official [illegible]—Ardesir and H.
[illegible] der Sec. 370 of Act X. of 1877.
[illegible]har vs The G. I. P. Railway Co.—

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.)
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

281-81—Smith and F.—Aga Mahomed Jaffer Shirazi vs Beebee Kessa—Tobin and R.—Part heard.
39-81—Tobin and R.—Bai Manockbai vs Bai Merbai and others—Pestonjee R.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 25.

Moore, Brig. Surg., on leave, from Allahabad
SEPTEMBER 27.
Heaviside, Major, R. E., from leave, from England.
Heyland, Lieut., R. A., from leave, from England.
Heath, Major, Staff Corps, on leave, from Deesa.
Beville, Lieut.-Col., Marine Line, from leave, from England.
Devis de Vitre, Col., R. H. A., from leave, from England.
Cumming, Surg.-Major, from leave, from England.
Jameson, Surg.-Major, from leave, from England.
SEPTEMBER 28.
Sandeman, Captain, Seaforth Highlanders, on sick leave, from Bennoochee.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 28.

Green, Lieut.-Col., the Devonshire Regt., on duty, to England.
Barlow, Captain, R. A., on duty, to England.
Barlow, Captain, R.E. on sick leave, to England.
Heyland, Lieut., R. A., on leave, to Poona.
Devis de Vitre, Col., R. H. A., from leave, to Meerut.
Jameson, Surg.-Major, on duty, to Mozuffarnuggur, N. W. P.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, Sept. 24.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. has been pleased to confer upon Vurdoo Pillay, of the Bombay Consst. Dept., the title of "Rao Sahab," as a personal distinction.

Subject to the confirmation of H. M.'s Govt., H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. Adolph Phillippi as Vice-Consul for Denmark at Ispeckan.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are admitted to the B. S. C. from the dates specified, subject to the confirmation of the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India:—
Lieut. R. [illegible] Bolton, 4th Bn. K's Rl. Rifle Corps, Offg. Wing Officer, 4th Goorkha Regt., 17th Aug. 1878.
Lieut. H. L. Dawson, 2nd Bn. Rl. W. Surrey Regt., Offg. Sqdn. Officer, 9th B. C., 19th April 1880.
Lieut. F. W. F. Angelo, 1st Bn. Manchester Regt., Offg. Sqdn Officer, 9th B. C., 5th May 1880.
Hyderabad Cont.—1st Inf.—Lieut. F. S. Sorell, Wing Officer and Adjt., 3rd Infy. to be Wing Officer and Adjt., vice Lieut. C. J. Orr, who exchanges into the 3rd Inf.
3rd Inf.—Lieut. C. J. Orr, Wing Officer and Adjt., 1st Inf., to be Wing Officer, vice Lieut. F. S. Sorell.
Medical Dept.—The undermentioned candidates, having completed a course of instruction at the Army Medical School, and having been reported qualified, have been appointed Surgs. on the Bengal Estabt., their commission as such bearing date 2nd April:—H. T. Griffiths, F. D. C. Hawkins, J. A. Cunningham, H. C. Hudson, A. Silcock, P. Mullane, J. W. Rodgers, and J. F. Maclaren. They will be entitled to count as service for full pay pension the period of their residence at the Army Medical Scoool from 2nd April to 1st Aug. 1881, inclusive.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Calcutta V. R. Corps.—Mr. W. E. Foster, to be Second-Lieut., to complete establishment.
Behar Mounted R. Corps.—Capt. W. J. Vousden, B. S. C., Sqdn Officer, 5th Punjab Cavy., to be Adjt., vice Capt. T. M. Maxwell, transferred to the Darjeeling and Northern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.
The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with necessary subsidiary leave:—
Lieut-Col W. A. Franks, Bl. Inf., Comdt., 10th N.I. (p. a.) for 2 years.
Lieut-Col. H. Tyndall, C. B., B. S. C., Comdt, 2nd Punjab Inf., (p. a.) for 2 years.
Maj C. C. Brownlow, B. S. C., Wing Comdr, 1st Sikh Inf., (p. a.) for 289 days.
Maj J. S. Irvine, late 2nd European Light Cavy, (p. a.) for 1 year.
Capt. S. Murray, R.A., Comsy. of Ordce., 2nd Class, (m. c.) for 6 months.
Lieut. H. F. Cadell, M. S. C., Asst. Mily. Acctt., (m. c.) for 1 year.
Special.—Major C. W. Murray, 2nd Bn., Gloucestershire Regt., to be Provost Marshal at Quetta, vice Capt. R. W. Studdy rejoined his regiments. Dated 20th July.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Govr-Genl. in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—
Lieut.-Col. and Bt. Col. J. J. McL. Innes, V.C., R.E., Accett.-Genl. P. W. D., and Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of India in the P. W. D., to be Chief Engr., Class 1, and Dy. Inspr.-Genl. of Mily. Works, vice Maj-Genl. A. Cadell., R.E., appointed Inspr.-Genl.
Major. A. J. Filgate, R.E., Dy. Acctt.-Genl., and ex-officio Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India in the P. W. D., to be Acctt.-Genl. and Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of India in the P. W. D., vice Col. Innes, appointed Dy. Inspr.-Genl. of Mily. Works.
Major L. Conway-Gordon, R.E., Examr. 2nd Class, to be Dy. Acctt.-Genl. and ex-officio Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India in the P.W. D., vice Major A. J. Filgate, R. E., appointed Acctt.-Genl., but to continue in his present appointment of Offg. Manager, Indus Valley State Railway, until further orders.
The Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and reversion in the Engr. Estabt. of the Mily. Works Branch, from the dates specified:—
Lieut G. K. [illegible] Moncrieff, R.E., from Asst. Engr., 2nd [illegible] Asst. Engr, 1st Grade, Permanent.
[illegible] ason, R.E., from Asst. Engr., 2nd [illegible] st. Engr., 1st Grade, Permanent.
[illegible] R.E., from Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, [illegible] C., 4th Grade, Temporary, 22nd Aug.
[illegible] none, R.E., from Temporary Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, to Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, Permanent, 24th Aug.
Lieut G. H. Sim, R.E., from Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, to Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, Temporary, 24th Aug.
Lieut G. H. Sim, R.E., from Temporary Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, to Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, Reversion, 31st Aug.
Mr. F. W. Morse, Exec. Engr., 4th Grade, temporary rank, Railway Branch, is transferred from the Establt. under the Director-Genl. of Railways to British Burma, Railway Branch.
Lieut. R. Appleton, R.E., Asst. Engr, is appointed to officiate as Exec. Engr., Peshawar Div., Mily. Works, during the absence of Lieut T. P. Cather, R.E., Exec Engr, on privilege leave.

PUNJAB GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. C. Brown is, on being relieved of the charge of the Gurgaon dist., transferred temporarily to Delhi, as Offg. Judl. Asst.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following order is confirmed:—
No. 3 (Peshawar) Mountain Battery order, dated 5th Aug., making the following temporary appointments, from 13th June consequent on the detention of Capt. W. Aitken, R.A., Comdt., on special duty:—
Lieut. F. H. J. Birch, R.A., Offg. 1st Subaltern, to officiate as Comdt.
Lieut. A. Mansel, R.A., Offg. 2nd Subaltern, to officiate as 1st Subaltern in addition to his other duties.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. M. Campion, Exec. Eng., 3rd Grade, is posted to the 2nd Circle, Punjab.
Mr. W. E. Muntz, Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade, is transferred from the Irrigation Branch, and posted to the 2nd circle, Genl. Branch, of the P. W. D., Punjab.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral

TELEGRAMS.

BAR SILVER AND EXCHANGE.

LATEST LONDON QUOTATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 28, 5-12 P.M.

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts upon India this afternoon tenders at 1s. 7 13-16d. received 16 per cent., and above that in full.

It is notified that the amount of Council drafts to be offered next week is 35 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed at 51⅞d. per ounce; market firm.

Four per cent. Rupee paper, 83¾; Four-and-a-half ditto, 91.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY CENTRAL RIFLE MEETING.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 28.

The weather to-day was not so favourable for good shooting. In the middle of the day it was very hot and there was a strong glare; and towards evening rain fell heavily.

The meeting will continue over Friday, and the Commander-in-Chief will wind it up by distributing the prizes at the grand stand on the racecourse on Saturday afternoon.

The matches concluded to-day were

Any Rifle Handicap, 800 yards:—Lieutenant Peaker, Bombay Volunteers, shooting with the Ballard match rifle, Sergeant Murray, Bombay Volunteers, with the muzzle-loading Metford, and Mr. Pudumjee with the breech-loading Metford, each scored the highest possible of 35 points, but were beaten for the first prize by Private Hall, 89th Regiment, who made 33 with the Martini, and had three points added for the handicap. Sergeant Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, with the Ballard match rifle, made 34 for the fifth prize.

For the Southern Rifle Association medal, 700 and 800 yards, Lieutenant Peaker and Sergeant Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, and Mr. Pudumjee, each scored 69 out of the possible 70. In the same match, at 800 yards, Pte. Wilson, 2-15th Regt., scored 34 with the Martini rifle.

The Derby, 200 and 600 yards:—Corpl. Eyres, Bombay Volunteers, 64; Sergt. Bethell, G. I. P. V. 62; Pte. Bond, 2-15th Regt., 61; Sergt. Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, 61; Captain Phillips, Bombay Volunteers, 59; Pte. Canty, 89th Regt., 59.

Rifle-gathering Stakes, 800 yards:—Sergt. Murray, Bombay Volunteers, 32; Pte. Wilson, 2-15th Regt, 32; Sergt, Imrie, G. I. P. R. V., 31; Jemadar Salvadore Gabriel, 23rd N. I, 30,—made 23 with the Snider, and had 7 points added; Lieutenant Whitehead, Bombay Volunteers, 29; Corpl. Rendell, Bombay Volunteers, and Pte. Hall, 89th Regt, each 29, counted out.

Rifle-gathering Stakes, 600 yards:—Sergt. Imrie, G. I. P. V., 33; Pte. Hall, 89th, 32; Pte. Carney, 89th, 31; Sergt. Macdonell, Bombay Volunteers, 31; Sergt. Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, 29; Sergt. Roche, 89th Regt., 29, counted out.

Special Prizes, 600 yards:—Sergt. Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, 34; Sergt Macdonell, Bombay Volunteers, 30; Lieutenant Peaker, Bombay Volunteers, Corpl. Cooper, 2-17th Regt., and Captain Phillips, Bombay Volunteers, each 29.

Northern India Rifle Association medal:—Sergt. Brebner, Bombay Volunteers, 218,—an average of 4·44 per shot; Sergt. Bethell, G. I. P. V., 208; Col. Laughton, 202; Sergt. Murray and Captain Phillips, Bombay Volunteers, each 200; Lieutenant Peaker, Bombay Volunteers, 198; Armourer Sergt. Tooth, 197; Pte. Hall, 89th, 194.

There was some shooting at the 200 yards range at the first stage for the Viceroy's Plate, at which Sergt. Private, 98th Regt., made 34; and Lieutenant Whitehead, Bombay Volunteers, Major Moore, 2-4th, and Sergt. Bethell, G. I. P. V., 33 each.

The two remaining distances, 500 and 600 yards, will be fired to-day, as well as the Governor's Prize at 500 and 600 yards; the Small-bore Match, 800, 900, and 1,000 yards; and one distance of the Champion's Contest, 500 yards.

In the Rifle Oaks Sergt. Watkins and Corpl. Eyres, Bombay Volunteers, come amongst the prize-takers with 60 points each.

PROSECUTION OF THE LAHORE *TRIBUNE* FOR LIBEL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 28.

Mr. Roe, Deputy Commissioner, Multan, prosecutes an Anglo-Native paper called the *Tribune*, published at Lahore, on the charge of publishing grossly libellous attacks in connection with the riots. This paper accuses him of culpable negligence, and even of responsibility for the riots on the ground of his having intimated to the Mahomedans that they were at liberty to take the law into their own hands.

The sentence in these libels which Deputy Commissioner's set themselves to the temples and looting ...dants." Mr. Roe contends that the charges are deliberately intended to keep alive the Hindu excitement on the beef question.

The *Civil and Military Gazette*, strongly commenting on this case, states that the troops will probably be withdrawn in a day or two altogether, and that they have already been withdrawn from the gates. At Mr. Roe's suggestion the Municipal Committee of Multan have agreed to double all private subscriptions for the restoration of religious buildings. It is feared that the ill-feeling will not be assuaged so long as the temples and mosques remain in ruins.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

CHOLERA AT MECCA.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

News has been received that cholera has broken out among the pilgrims at Mecca. Stringent precautionary measures are being taken by the authorities in Egypt and Turkey.

THE YORKSHIRE COTTON-SPINNERS.

The Yorkshire cotton-spinners have agreed to run their cotton mills four days in the week during the ensuing month.

RELEASE OF PRISONERS IN IRELAND.

Five prisoners (including the Roman Catholic priest Mr. Sheehy) who were imprisoned under the Coercion Act have been released from jail.

THE TRANSVAAL VOLKSRAAD.

DURBAN, SEPT. 27.

The Transvaal Volksraad is still discussing the Convention. The tone of the debate (which is expected to last for several days) is very hostile towards the British.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, SEPT. 27.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Camorta, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The Liverpool Cotton Market has been strong. Surats have a hardening tendency.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Fair Dhollera	4¼
The Manchester Market has been quiet, but steady.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
...do.	7
...gwist	0-0⅝
...Loan	101¾
	83½
	90⅝

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, SEPT. 28, 6-40 A.M.

Mail-steamer Assam, from Aden, arrived.

GALLE, SEPT. 28, 6-41 A.M.

Mail-steamer Kashgar, from Bombay, arrived.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY, NIGHT SEPTEMBER 27.

At 10 p.m. .. .. 76·7 Farht.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.

At	6 a.m.	76·4
,,	10 a.m.	81·2
,,	2 p.m.	83·7
,,	1 p.m.	83·4

At a meeting of the Trustees of the port of Bombay held on the 22nd instant the following motion, of which Mr. Kittredge had given notice, was brought up:—"That a Committee be appointed to consider whether the necessities of the trade require an addition to the Dock accommodation, and if so to report on the best method of providing such addition, and the means for procuring the necessary funds." A Government Resolution was read, dated 14th instant, requesting the Trustees to reply to the following inquiries made by the Admiralty:—1. What depth of water can be relied on at high water of ordinary spring tides on the sill at the entrance of Prince's Dock, and in the channel leading to it? 2. Whether the Port Trust contemplate the construction of a dry dock in connection with Prince's Dock, and if so what its dimensions will be. It was resolved that Government should be informed that the Dock channel has been cleared down to 57 on T. H. datum, but that at the close of each S.-W. monsoon there will probably be 3′ less water owing to the deposit of silt; that high water of ordinary springs is 86·25 on T. H. datum, so that the depth of the channel will probably vary from 29¼ feet to 26½ feet; that the sill at the entrance is 58 on T. H. datum, which gives 28½ feet of water over the sill at high water ordinary springs, but that from this must be deducted 6″ for the closing chain. With regard to the second inquiry it was resolved that Government should be informed that the Trustees do not at present contemplate the construction of a dry dock in connection with the Prince's Dock.

THE Lahore paper says:—"Up to two o'clock on Saturday afternoon no further disturbance had occurred in Multan. But this is the best that can be said of the situation. Our correspondent, who is in a position to know the facts, assures us that the animosity between the Hindoos and Mahomedans remains just as it was. The ill-feeling between the two sections of the population is kept alive by intriguers, who, let us hope, may soon find themselves in the clutches of the police, and feel the lash on their backs. The shops were still closed when our correspondent despatched his message. An additional reinforcement of police has reached the city."

THE *Pioneer* has received the following particulars of the late raid at Kohat:—The cavalry lines are at some little distance from the infantry, and may be said to be in the most exposed position. The lines are compact and are surrounded by a low wall. To the front of the lines beyond the wall, advanced between 90 and 100 yards, is the quarter-guard. This consists of two non-commissioned officers, a trumpeter, and 9 sowars—12 men in all; furnishing three sentries. One is posted on the right flank over the magazine about 100 yards from the guard-house; a second is posted about 200 yards from the guard-house on the left flank; and the third is sentry at the guard. This leaves ten men actually at the quarter-guard. The night of the 20th was dark and cloudy; the raid occurred a little before midnight. The men had their beds outside the guard-house and all were lying asleep except the sentry. The raiders must have got close upon the guard without being observed; they appear to have fired, rushed in, hacked the four men on the beds nearest to them, picked up a couple of their carbines, and then to have run away as fast as they could. No surprise could have been more complete or better carried out. The sentry and one man were shot dead; the duffadar in command wounded by a bullet. One man was killed and three wounded by cuts from swords or knives. This left only three men out of the guard who escaped unharmed.

A CORRESPONDENT writes:—"From the festivals mentioned in the Babylonian tablet recently deciphered, it is plain that the year recognized by the ancient Babylonians was solar, and that intercalation was resorted to, to bring certain festivals to fall on certain fixed days of the year. Further, that the month of Adar, corresponding with the month Adar of the Parsees, was the last of the year. Hence it results that the Parsee month of Dei, following the month of Adar, was the first of the year. And really there is no cause to be astonished to find that Dei, synonymous with Hormuzd, was placed at the head of the months. Hormuzd, is the first of the thirty days of a month, so why should it be strange to find Dei, or in other words Hormuzd, the first of the twelve months of a year? The Parsees should have no scruples about accepting this. There is another analogy. Bahman follows Hormuzd in the range of days, so he follows Dei in the range of months. What could be more natural? And what more unnatural than to find Dei, or Hormuzd by another name, placed nearly at the bottom as it is now. Dei must have been, hence, the first month and fallen on the Vernal Equinox, corresponding to the month of March, in the old days when intercalation was observed. The fact of the defeat of Yezdazard having taken place in the month of Farvardin, then corresponding to the month of June, proves clearly that up to the age of that last King of Persia Dei was the month corresponding to March, the Vernal Equinox. The Parsees have much matter for reflection in the above, if they will only see how foolish they were in invoking Rapithwan, the presiding angel of heat, a few days ago when they had, in fact, done with it and were progressing towards winter. All their ceremonies are vitiated by their calendar having slided off for want of exercising intercalation. The vernacular papers are loud on the subject of recognizing Jamshedi Navroz, the 21st March of the Parsee's new year, and they will be strengthened in their arguments by the discovery of the Babylonian tablets."

...able to officiate as your own "Emergency ... says the *Pall Mall*, is an invaluable faculty ...any sphere or crisis of life. The truth of this reflection has just been put to the proof by Mr. Vere Hunt, proprietor of Kilcommon, Tipperary, who, being not only "Boycotted," but "dis-Emergencied" as well, has resolved, with the help of neighbouring landlords and friends, to do his harvesting with his own hands. A body of captains, members of Parliament, and country gentlemen accordingly are now hard at work cutting down the Kilcommon crops, under the leadership of their owner. The help that is proverbially assured to those that help themselves does not seem to have deserted the newly fledged reapers. The peasantry are surveying the operations of their amateur substitutes with much good humour, and the guard of police enjoy a sinecure. Perhaps the people are pleased with this singular tribute to the dignity of labour, while reflecting that favourites of fortune who have had a taste of work themselves may henceforth understand better the case of those to whom work is not a passing emergency, but a permanent destiny.

THE New York correspondent of the *Daily News*, telegraphing on the 8th inst. respecting the forest fires in various parts of the American Continent, says:—"Devastating fires are reported in the northern portions of Michigan. There has been no rain there for six weeks. The whole country is as dry as tinder. A few days ago the forest fires started, and whole counties have been swept by the flames. Great stretches of farming country have been desolated, farm-houses, crops, barns, and fences being all consumed. Many cattle perished, and alarming reports come of considerable loss of human life. It is said that as many as a hundred persons perished. The fury of the flames is described as appalling. The farmers left everything and fled for life. The weak and the ailing were left to perish in the flames. Sanilac and Huron Counties are the worst sufferers. They lie on the shore of Lake Huron. Five villages are said to be totally destroyed, and several others partially. In one village two entire families perished. The whole country is so dark and smoking that breathing is difficult, and lights are constantly burning. The people are terrified, believing the end of the world has come. The weather is hot. There are no signs of rain, and many people are fleeing to the lake for safety."

BOMBAY.

CETEWAYO'S letter to Bishop Colenso, which is published in the newspapers, is not without a certain pathetic eloquence. Says the *Pall Mall Gazette*:—"Has my case," he asks, "been let drop? Or is it being gone on with? I ask you to tell me how my case stands, because I should wish to go to England at once if I knew that my case is just standing still. How could I stay here waiting for things to be put right for me in the years to come while my family is being scattered and ruined? I could only endure to wait if I knew that I was soon to return to Zululand." In his exile he has heard sad news from home.

"I am much grieved for that wife of mine, who, I hear, is dead. My heart is darkened because of my wife, who was very dear to me. Write for me to my family that I may mourn greatly for this. But it grieves me that I do not know where or how she died. You only tell me her name. Ask for me where she was living, since (for aught I hear) she may have died on the hillside."

In his impatience to return he feels "so sad that he may without thinking do wrong to himself rather than live so unhappily and in misery." His present intention is to visit England and plead his cause in person, accompanied by his leading indunas. "I do dread the sea, but my heart troubles me still more." But will the gaolers of the dethroned king allow their victim to cross the sea.

THE *Pall Mall* says that there is this much of similarity between our relations with China and with Japan that the consideration of the one is apt to recall the other. For this reason it is often interesting to compare the external policy of the Middle Kingdom with that of the Mikado's Government. Hitherto the two have been strikingly different. A large and powerful class in China has steadily resisted the introduction of foreign ideas and foreign mechanical contrivances. Its success has not been complete, and steamers, telegraphs, and Western machinery have been adopted by large numbers of the inhabitants in spite of difficulties and opposition. In Japan, as we all know, just the reverse has been the case. Foreign inventions have been accepted with an eagerness which has occasionally resulted in undoubted mischief. In the naval and military policy of the two empires the same difference may have been observed. Japan has been creating a cruising navy, and organizing a mobile army on the German system. China, on the other hand, has been content to rely on provincially organized land-forces—a mere local militia, in reality—and has hitherto thought it enough to spend money on large forts and in the purchase of coast-defence gunboats. Her policy, unlike that of her neighbour, has been a distinctly defensive one. Now it looks as though it were to be changed. Already an ironclad of large size is being built in Germany, powerfully armed cruisers have recently left our ports to increase her navy, and now we are told that a second large armoured ship is to be built for her at Stettin by a German ship-building firm.

THE PROTEST AGAINST A MAGISTERIAL APPOINTMENT.

THE Bombay Government have, in a letter dated 22nd inst., replied to the protest made by the Pleaders' Association of Western India against the appointment of Mr. Rangnath Sadashiv Jayaker to act as a Presidency Magistrate at Bombay.

It will be remembered that, in a letter dated the 13th inst., to the address of Mr. E. Fulton, Registrar High Court, Appellate Side, Mr. Shamrao Vithal, the secretary of the association, submitted certain observations regarding the appointment for the consideration of the Chief Justice and judges of the High Court. The announcement of the appointment in the newspapers had, it was stated, been received by the entire body of pleaders with great surprise, as, in their opinion, Mr. Jayaker was not qualified, either by his professional standing or educational attainments, to occupy the responsible post of a Presidency Magistrate. A meeting of the association was accordingly held, at which it was unanimously resolved to make a respectful representation to the Chief Justice and judges of the High Court, pointing out the impropriety of the appointment and requesting their Lordships to take such steps in the matter as might seem advisable for protecting the interests of the public. The association submitted that the position of a Presidency Magistrate in Bombay is one of great trust and responsibility, and therefore such as should invariably be filled by men fitted to do so by their general education, their legal qualifications, and their position in society. It was submitted that, in respect to Mr. Jayaker, those qualifications were generally absent; and in the interests of the efficiency and high tone of the administration of justice in this Presidency, the association entered their respectful protest against the appointment, submitting it for their Lordships' consideration.

Mr. Fulton, in his reply dated the 14th instant, stated that he was directed by the Chief Justice and judges to say that, although it would afford to their Lordships much pleasure to aid in bringing to the notice of Government the views of "so intelligent, honourable, and highly educated" an association as that of the Vakils of Western India," yet, inasmuch as their Lordships had not any control over the appointments to the magistracy of Bombay, and had not been consulted in relation to the nomination of Mr. Jayaker as an acting Magistrate, their Lordships could not regard themselves as the channel through which Government could properly be addressed on that subject; adding that the association, if desiring to remonstrate as to the appointment, should address the Government of Bombay directly.

The Pleaders' Association lost no time, for with a letter dated the 15th inst. to the address of Mr. C. Gomne, Chief Secretary to Government, Mr. Shamrao Vithal submitted, for the consideration of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the abovementioned correspondence. He remarked that the association, whilst fully acknowledging the patronage of appointments in the public service was entirely in the discretion of His Excellency in Council, were happy to recognise the fact that His Excellency in Council is always desirous of making such nominations as are calculated to give confidence and satisfaction to the public—more especially in the case of such a post as that of Presidency Magistrate, which brings the nominee in daily contact with the public, and which requires him by sound education, high character, social standing, and legal training to command the respect and confidence of the public. The annals of our law courts, it was remarked, abundantly illustrate the urgent want of a person holding such qualifications for the post of Presidency Magistrate. Deeply impressed as the association were with the high responsibilities of the post, and with a reliance in the desire of His Excellency in Council to make a proper nomination to it, they respectfully begged leave to acquaint His Excellency in Council with the fact that the acting appointment of Mr. Jayaker failed to satisfy any of the requirements of the office, and that it was scarcely calculated to commend itself either to the intelligent portion of the public or to the legal profession. The association felt that, perhaps owing to the very short duration of the nomination, the same judgment and discrimination were not exercised that would have been used had the appointment been for a longer period, and that probably also the difficulty of finding a suitable incumbent for an extremely short period might have had some influence on the choice made. The association, however, desired respectfully to point out that a bad selection, though ever so temporary, is not only wrong in principle as lowering the prestige of the office and the tone of the administration of justice, but that such a selection, once made, is not unnaturally held to create, in favour of the nominee, a species of claim to a re-appointment when a similar vacancy again occurs. The association, it was further stated, deeply felt as well the delicacy of their position as the respect due to the orders and appointments made by His Excellency the Governor in Council; and they therefore trusted earnestly that their representation would not be ascribed to any other motive than the desire to see a high and responsible post in the public service filled by a gentleman capable of doing justice to its requirements, and of giving complete satisfaction to the public.

The reply of Government to the above communication is remarkably laconic. Mr. C. G. W. Macpherson, Under-Secretary, writing to Mr. Shamrao Vithal on the 22nd instant, says he is directed to acknowledge the receipt of his letter, dated the 15th instant, on the subject of the appointment of Mr. Rangnath Sadashiv Jayaker to act as Presidency Magistrate, Bombay. But he says no more.

THE SANITARY CONDITION OF DHULIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In reference to the letter from your Dhulia correspondent, published in your issue of the 26th instant, I have the honour to inform you that the statement of your correspondent, "that there is scarcely a lane now in which death (from cholera) does not make its presence known daily," is wholly incorrect. The Civil Surgeon of Dhulia, who looks after the health of the town, has got a native medical man to treat the cholera patients in the town. This latter officer has reported that there has not been a single case of cholera during the last 13 days. In short, I assure you that Dhulia is one of the cleanest towns. As regards the Chamdhars and Mhars lanes, they are the cleanest possible and well attended to. This is proved by the fact that not a single death from cholera has occurred among the Mhars and Chamdhars during the last two months. This is evident from the birth and death registers. I cannot write about the surrounding taluks, &c. That will be done by the officers concerned, if necessary. My writing relates to the town of Dhulia alone.—I remain, &c.,

NARRAYEN BHICAJEE,

Huzur Deputy Collector, Chairman, Municipality Dhulia.

Dhulia, Sept. 27.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived on the 27th:—Lady Lycett (s), from Alexandria. Yesterday:—Calder (s), Bussorah; Royal Welsh (s), Malta; Poccia (s), Odessa; Columbian (s), Jeddah.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Roumania (s), to Marseilles; Hathersage (s), Hamburg.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Avoca and Gwalior entered, and s. s. James Watt, Kerbella, and Ramleh left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—The departure of the mail-steamer for Calcutta and the Malabar Coast being postponed till to-day, the 29th instant, mails for these ports will be closed at the General Post-office at 1 p.m.

THEFT.—Dhurma Ramjee was yesterday convicted by Mr. R. S. Jayaker of stealing six pictures, valued at Rs. 3, from the dwelling of Nowrojee Byramjee. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

TULSI LAKE.—The total fall of rain at Tulsi up to 6 a.m. on Sunday, the 25th instant, was 81 inches and 8 cents. The height of water in the Lake was 48·09 feet. The height in the corresponding week last year was 47·11.

RAINFALL AT DABHOI.—It appears from H. H. the Gaekwar's State Railway return of rainfall registered at Dabhoi that 75 cents fell on the 20th instant, making a total of 43 inches 96 cents up to the week ending 24th instant.

ABSCONDED.—Hurriba Naroba, a piece-goods merchant residing at Pydownee, reported to the police on Tuesday last that his servant, named Narayen Ramjee, had absconded with a large bundle of piece-goods, valued at Rs. 500, which was entrusted to him for sale by complainant.

CARRYING EXCESS PASSENGERS.—Isram Essoo and two other tindals of native boats were yesterday convicted by Mr. R. S. Jayaker of carrying a greater number of passengers than their respective boats are licensed to carry. They were fined in sums varying from Rs. 4 to Rs. 8.

FRAUDULENT POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Tursha Topun, a suspicious character, was yesterday convicted by Mr. R. S. Jayaker of having in his possession a brass watch, valued at Rs. 10, reasonably suspected of being stolen or fraudulently obtained, and failing to account satisfactorily how he became possessed of the same. He was fined Rs. 10.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Coombarwada on view of the body of Govind Dya, aged four years, whose death was caused by burns which he received on the 21st instant by his clothes having accidentally caught fire while he was playing near a fire-place. A verdict of accidental death from burns was recorded.

LOSS OF A FISHING BOAT.—Garoo Sinwar, tindal of the fishing boat Bhowanee, reported on Tuesday last to the Superintendent of the Water Police that while he was taking fishing stakes from Bombay to Bandora, and when near the outer light-vessel, his boat capsized in a squall at about 10-30 a. m. on the 24th instant. There were nine in the crew, who were picked up and brought to Bombay in the ferry steamer Bheema. The boat and fishing-stakes have not as yet been recovered. The total loss sustained is Rs. 100.

MDLLE. DORÉ'S CONCERT.—Yesterday's concert at the Town Hall was a decided success. The early hour and popular prices succeeded in bringing together a full house; and it is probable enough that this fact reacted on the singers, for the music, both vocal and instrumental was, if possible, better than it has been. At any rate, the music seemed to go with greater spirit, and its excellence was heartily recognized by the audience. The duo from "Boccacio," by Mdlles. Emilie and Leopoldine, and "Schiffers Grusz," by Mdlle. Emilie, were especially enjoyable. Mdlle. Gieseke, who had kindly volunteered for the occasion, sang two songs with care and effect; the "Adelaide" of Beethoven, although it must have, by its length and composition, taxed her voice, was excellently rendered. Mdlle. Marie Doré won fresh laurels by the able way in which she presided at the piano. We would suggest that the Mdlles. Doré, who, it is understood, will shortly be leaving Bombay, give a similar concert on Saturday afternoon.

THE ZOROASTRIAN CALENDAR.—This is an annual publication, issued on the Parsee New Year's Day. The present number, for the year 1251 (A. D. 1881-82), has just reached us. It is a neatly got-up volume in Guzerati, printed and published by Mr. Muncherjee Hoshungjee Jagosh, at the *Vurtman Press*. It is replete with information interesting to the Parsee community. A new feature in the Calendar is a brief sketch of the history of Persia, which will be very instructive to Parsee children, who at present know nothing of what their forefathers were in Persia. There is also an epitome of the principal events that have occurred during the last year amongst the Parsees in Bombay and out stations. A list of the professional men, such as barristers-at-law, [solicitors, pleaders, medical practitioners, engineers, &c., is also given, as well as of those on whom honorary titles and distinctions have been conferred by Government.

TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 17th September, 1881, was 55,307 maunds, and increase in money Rs. 22,364. The quantities carried and earnings compared with 1880, are as follows:—

	Week ending 17th Sept., 1881.	Week ending 18th Sept., 1880.	Increase.	Decrease
COTTON—				
Weight Mds.	3,098	893	2,205	..
Amount Rs.	1,893	213	1,562	..
GRAIN—				
Weight Mds.	72,291	45,156	27,138	..
Amount Rs.	20,008	15,512	4,496	..
JAGREE—				
Weight Mds.	319	890	..	571
Amount Rs.	116	370	..	224
OPIUM—				
Weight Mds.	..	6	..	6
Amount Rs.	..	12	..	12
P. GOODS AND TWIST—				
Weight Mds.	7,377	3,190	4,187	..
Amount Rs.	6,663	2,520	4,143	..
SUNDRIES—				
Weight Mds.	7,896	3,967	3,929	..
Amount Rs.	827	1,556	..	729
SEEDS—				
Weight Mds.	5,672	1,882	3,790	..
Amount Rs.	2,295	325	1,969	..
SUGAR—				
Weight Mds.	1,844	3,327	..	1,483
Amount Rs.	920	1,751	..	831
Weight Mds.	5,673	..	5,673	..
Amount Rs.	5,903	..	5,903	..
Weight Mds.	13,971	14,575	..	604
Amount Rs.	1,131	1,194	..	60
Weight Mds.	2,774	1,493	1,281	..
Amount Rs.	1,832	1,075	757	..
GENERAL GOODS—				
Weight Mds.	35,056	25,198	9,858	..
Amounts Rs.	15,074	9,675	5,399	..
TOTAL—				
Weight Mds.	1,55,971	1,00,557	55,597	..
Amount Rs.	56,607	34,243	22,364	..

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ancona, Captain E. G. Stead, will sail to-day for Southampton with the European mails and the following passengers:—

For Southampton.—Mrs. Crofton, 1 child and 2 infants, Mrs. J. M. Heath, Mr. W. Scott, Mrs. Giles and infant, Mrs. L. M. Good, Asst. Consy. Genl. Taylor, Miss Taylor, Mrs. Shakespeare and 3 children, Mrs. Mathews and 3 children, Miss Good, Surgeon-Major Shortt, Mrs. Currie, Mr. James Dunn, Mr. J. Barbieto, Mr. A. W. Murphy, Mr. E. Downes, Mr. C. Mulcahy, Mrs. T. Feary, Mr. W. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Tomlinson, and 2 Misses Tomlison.

For Brindisi.—Mr. S. S. Thorburn, Hon. G. Vernon, Dr. D. O'C. Raye, Lt. C. C. Chenevix-French, Mr. G. J. Swann, Mr. W. Jackson, Mr. J. Watson, 13th Hussars, Mrs. A. F. Woodhouse, and Mr. W. P. Constobadie.

For Malta.—Capt. A. E. Duthy, Mr. J. R. Jones, Mr. E. A. Windle, and Mr. E. Whittuck.

The following passages have been engaged by the s. s. Mongolia, Capt. W. E. Thompson, sailing on 6th October:—

For Brindisi.—Mr. R. Lyddeker.

S. S. Khedive, Capt. P. S. Tomlin, sailing on 13th October:

For Brindisi.—Mr. W. T. Hall.

S. S. Bokhara, Capt. J. Orman, sailing on 20th October:

For Southampton.—Miss Knight.

THE COMPETITION FOR THE LLOYD LINDSAY PRIZE AT POONA.

THE following were the results of the competition for the Lloyd Lindsay Prize amongst the Native Cavalry only at the Central Rifle Meeting held on the 22nd instant and following days at Poona:—

No. of Team.	Name of Regiment.	Minute.	Second.	Points.
1	Poona Horse... ...	9	27	82
2	Do.	9	37	84
3	Do.	9	52	50*
1	1st Bombay Lancers	10	3	51
2	Do.	10	3	51
3	Do.	9	56	31
1	2nd Bombay Cavalry	10	59	46
2	Do.	11	11	76†
3	Do.	10	34	73

* Run off at dusk.

† Over-time disqualified.

The style of riding of the first three teams, and the manner in which they took the jumps, were much commended.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promotes the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers every where at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla. In. cts.
Previously regtd.	67 85	76 39	69 13	74 96
Sept. 27 Tuesday....	0 88	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
28 Wednesday.	.. 0	5 0	8 0	0 0
Total	68 73	76 41	69 21	74 96
Sept. 28, 1880 ..	66 76	72 41	61 83	69 54

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort, Esplanade and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 27th September, 1881.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·838
Temperature of the Air	77·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·1
Dew Point	75·6
Relative humidity of Air	·94
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	7·8
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)..	80·7
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m)	76·9
General Direction of Wind*	NW, SSW, WNW, W. NE, ENE.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	199
Fall of Rain*	0·88
Total fall during month	1·51
" " " year	68·73

*From midnight to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

(28th September, 1881.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast from Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office:—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea-level.	Reading at 10 a.m.	Ther. in shade.	Wind. Direction and force.	Wind. Mean velocity.	Rain.
	Ins.		Dgs		Mls. p. hr.	Ins.
Kurrachee ..	29·772	82·5	W S W	2	2·05	0·00
Surat.....	·890	83·6	W	10	10	0·00
Bombay.....	·907	81·2	N N W	5	9	0·19
Ratnagiri	·910	83·8	W	..	..	0·02
Karwar	·908	80·1	light	..	..	0·00
Mangalore....	·926	79·9	W	4	2·11	0·00
Calicut	·936	78·6	N W	4	9·03	0·00
Cochin	·963	80·0	W	3	9·05	0·00
Masulipatam.	·852	87·0	calm	..	..	0·00
Madras.....	·888	81·0	S S W	4	9·00	0·00
Negapatam	·905	87·5	S W	5	9·00	0·00

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.—SEPT. 28.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE following among other matters were heard before his Lordship:—

RE RUNSORD PURMANAND.

Mr. Budroodin, for the insolvent, applied for an interim order, remarking that the grounds of opposition were the ordinary grounds alleged in similar cases, which would be dealt with at the hearing of the case, but which were insufficient as against the present application. Mr. Starling, for an opposing creditor, urged that, in this case, his Lordship had granted a warrant before judgment on the ground that the insolvent was running away to Calcutta. That fact was clearly proved by the circumstances under which the insolvent was arrested. He was arrested at the Church Gate station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway; and in trying to proceed to Calcutta from that station by way of Agra, instead of from the Boree Bunder or Byculla station of the G. I. P. Railway, he wanted to dodge his creditors. He had admitted that he was going to Calcutta. He had concealed his property and had deposited no books with the Official Assignee. His Lordship said there were strong grounds for not letting the man out of jail; and an interim order was refused.

RE RAMJEE LUDHA.

The insolvent, who appeared in person, applied for an interim order. Mr. Mankar, for a creditor, opposed the application, remarking that the insolvent had borrowed Rs. 1,000 of his client on the false representation that he wanted to set himself up in business. After raising the money, however, he gave it to his brother, who got him married, and the balance was invested in making ornaments for his wife. Had the opposing creditor known that the money was required for the purposes of matrimony, he would not have lent it; and in this respect the insolvent had been guilty of a fraudulent misrepresentation. The insolvent said that his brother spent the money in his marriage; and that, at his brother's request, he gave his signature on a promissory note. His Lordship remarked that the case was to blame for lending a large sum of money to a man of straw. An interim order was granted.

AN INSOLVENT PUNISHED.

RE NUSSERWANJEE RUSTOMJEE MODY.

His Lordship gave judgment in this matter, which was heard on the 7th and 21st inst. Mr. Budroodin appeared for the insolvent, and Mr. Mankar for an opposing creditor. The petition was opposed on various grounds. The insolvent described himself as a share broker and as protected by his mother. The evidence showed that he was a speculator in shares. Eleven or twelve years ago he filed a petition, with liabilities amounting to about Rs. 40,000, and subsequently compromised with his creditors, whom he paid from five to six annas in the rupee by the sale of his wife's ornaments. His general balance sheet on the present occasion was extremely unsatisfactory at the first glance, and his liabilities amounted to upwards of Rs. 16,000, while the assets were *nil*. His income as a s

intellect, and the finer dispositions of man; and a proof of the sentiments by which he will be guided, when shortly he will take over the administration of his State. I trust he will devote himself to the higher branches of knowledge, and to the cultivation of those intellectual qualities which I am led to believe he possesses in a large degree.

We are also greatly indebted to His Highness the Raja of Furreedkote for the use of his house on this occasion. It is one of the great drawbacks under which the Simla Fine Arts Society suffers, that it has been now for a long time, I believe, a migratory bird. Birds, no doubt, are accustomed to build a new nest every year; but it is rather hard for a Society of this description, that it should have to go about in the spring of the year searching for some place in which to settle itself at the risk of not finding a situation, and with almost the certainty that the building it does find will not be suited to the purpose of the exhibition. We are deeply indebted, as I have said, to His Highness the Raja of Furreedkote for the use of his commodious mansion. Nevertheless, it must be obvious to all that it is not altogether suited to an exhibition of this kind. You see how well crowded the walls are with the works of art; and it has been necessary to resort to dark corners on one side or the other where they are little seen. That is an unfortunate circumstance, and it is one that should make it unnecessary for the Society to appeal to the considideration of contributors to this exhibition, if any think their works are in an unfavourable position. It is, of course, impossible to give a good light and excellent situation to all the pictures which are exhibited, and if any contributors think their works are not in as favourable a position as they might be, they will not attribute it to any partiality or carelessness no the part of those who arranged them; but to the unfortunate circumstances in which the Society is placed, by being obliged to seek from year to year for a new place in which to hold the exhibition; and I trust that before long it will be relieved from this unfortunate position.

Ladies and gentlemen, I will not trouble you with any long reference to the pictures which adorn these walls. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has told you which are the pictures to which prizes have been awarded; and it would ill become me, who have no right to consider myself even as an art critic, to pass judgment on these works. I only say, I rejoice to find that my prize has gone to a work so beautiful as that of Major G. Strahan, to whom it has been most justly awarded, and it is also to me a matter of great pleasure that the next prize on the list—that presented by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor—should have fallen to the son of one to whom India owes so much, and one who is so distinguished an ornament to the Indian service as Lieutenant H. M. Temple. I only trust, and I have every reason to believe, that Mr. Temple in his future career will be no less distinguished in the service of his country than he is as an artist. I observe that the Commander-in-Chief's prize has fallen to Dr. Wilcocks. This proves to me that besides his great artistic ability, he is a discriminating man, because my prize has also went to him and this year he has got the Commander-in-Chief's, so it is obvious that he wishes to stand well with both the Civil and Military services. I was very glad to observe that the prize for native artists has gone to Mr. Bomanjee—not that I desire any one artist to monopolise any prize from year to year, but having been much struck with Mr. Bomanjee's attempt last year, and having been fortunate enough to possess myself of this picture, I was glad to see that he still occupies himself in the same way.

I would also draw attention to the four drawings by a student of one of our schools—I think the Calcutta School of Arts, which struck me as being a very interesting proof of the progress art is making among the natives of the country, and of which also, I am glad to say, I have become the happy possessor.

And now, ladies and gentlemen, I must say a few words with regard to the other branch of this exhibition—that connected with the industrial art of the country, which has been brought together and arranged with so much zeal, skill, and industry by Captain Cole, to whose exertions we are so deeply indebted. I made some observations last year on the subject of industrial art in this country, and what mode of operations might be successful in endeavouring to revive native industries. I will not repeat those observations now, but I shall entirely to the views which I then expressed, and I am glad to see, in that part of this exhibition, that the lines which I ventured to suggest were the true ones, for industrial arts in this country have been followed successfully to a great extent in the various branches of that art, collected together on this occasion. But I am anxious just to remark that a Society, the object of which is to bring together a collection of native industrial art from year to year, has not only an important use in developing good taste in the cultivation of that art: that is, among the workmen who produce the works that are exhibited here and on similar occasions, but also that it has a very useful work to do in developing the taste of purchasers of works of art of that description. It is, of course, absolutely necessary in regard to industrial art, if we wish that art to be good and really artistic, and based upon sound principles, that you should not only have good inclinations and good tastes in the workmen, or in the persons who construct the works of art, but that they should be encouraged by good taste on the part of the public. Persons who live by their art, as workmen engaged in any branch of industry necessarily do, cannot afford to give away things of good workmanship to the public, unless they find an intelligent and educated public ready to buy them; and I, therefore, regard it as a very important function of an Industrial Exhibition of this description to cultivate the taste of the public for the things produced.

I remember a good many years ago there was an exhibition in London in connection with the department of science and art; it was, if I am not wrong, called an Exhibition of False Principles, that is to say, it was a collection of fearful things. They got together all the ugly things they could, and exhibited them to the public, that the public might get utterly sick of them, and see how ugly they werewhen all brought into a mass, and so turn their attention to the purchase of beautiful works. There can be no doubt that it was a very dangerous experiment; it could probably only be carried out by a public department, and under the shadow of a government; but even a young society like this may do something gradual, but effectual, for the purpose of educating the public taste and showing a good example of what is really good work and a good specimen of the real national art of the country, as it can be produced and exhibited in these modern days, so that the purchasing public may turn their attention from bad imitations of European articles to specimens of a renewed national native art.—*Indian Daily News.*

THE "COTTON CORNER."

THE *Liverpool Daily Post* has the following regarding the September "Cotton Corner":—

There has been considerable fluctuation at New York: an advance of 22 to 30 points on Thursday; a decline of 6 to 9 on Friday; an advance of 32 to 35 on Saturday, and 22 to 32 on Monday; a decline of 13 to 16 on Tuesday; and an advance of 28 to 38 on Wednesday. The opening and closing prices compare as follow:—

	Last week. Cents.	This week. Cents.	Advance. Cents.
September	11·48	12·22	0·74
October	11·07	12·05	0·98
November	11·01	12·05	1·04
December	11·06	12·11	1·05
January	11·22	12·29	1·07
February	11·35	12·40	1·05
March	11·49	12·53	1·04
April	11·62	12·64	1·02
May	11·73	12·73	1·00
June	11·83	12·87	0·95

The sales for the six days reached the enormous total of 1,376,000 bales.

The advance is attributed chiefly to heavy buying on the part of outside speculators, principally from Chicago, who have made more faith than regular operators in the bad crop accounts. At the same time there is no doubt some injury to the crop has been done, and very good houses have lately materially reduced their estimates of yield.

The market here closed firmly on Wednesday. To-day (Thursday) was a holiday. The situation has not undergone any fundamental change during the week, except that buyers are becoming more reconciled to the advanced prices. Of course, some decline from present rates is anticipated, otherwise Octobers would not be selling at 11-16d. below Septembers, but the idea that 6d. is the proper price for Cotton is gradually disappearing.

Oldham continues to hurl terrible threatenings at the heads of the thirty brokers who are supposed to have assisted in bringing about the present squeeze, although, as a matter of fact, only one or two of the alleged wicked brokers have any connection with Oldham. They are so for the most part selling brokers, whose business it is to advance on Cotton placed into their hands for sale, and they merely act as middlemen between the owners of the Cotton and the bankers who find the money. Moreover, a very large part of the financing in the recent operations was done turough sources independent of the brokers. There is no difficulty in borrowing money on good security with an ample margin. But, after all, the truth is that it is not the "bulls" who have raised the price of Cotton, but the "bears" who are now competing with spinners as buyers. Why does not Oldham denounce the men who sold what they [illegible] and who, during the time the [illegible] were artificially depressing [illegible] Manchester? Moreover [illegible] "bears" in the way threatened; but example is contagious, and it may well be that leaders, who have themselves been wanting in obedience to their superiors, may not be able to maintain discipline amongst their followers. Colonel Ouraby Bey has hitherto displayed what, under the circumstances, one can only call moderation. But it is possible that this attitude may be changed, either in deference to his followers or for other reasons. Again the disaffected troops may be split up into bands and the utmost disorder ensue. Though the movement has achieved only a partial success, sufficient has been done to put the whole Administrative machinery out of gear, and bring about a sort of political deadlock from which the means of escape are by no means evident. This may not have been the intention of the military leaders. They are men unversed in politics, and probably quite unaware of the consequences of what they are doing. The motive underlying the movement is, it is only too likely that of extricating the country from the hands of foreigners, whereas the position taken up is the very one of all others calculated to bring about a foreign occupation. The Minister of their choice, Cherif Pasha, positively refuses to form a Ministry under existing circumstances. Naturally he would decline to return to power as the mere nominee of a mutinous soldiery. There are, moreover, certain political combinations of an international character pending, and until their exact nature and extent are ascertained it would be impossible for a Minister however capable, to accept office. The solution of the difficulty will probably be arrived at in Constantinople after communication with London and Paris. It can scarcely take any other form than that of a foreign occupation. This may be limited in character according to political considerations, but in some form or other it is inevitable.

The latest information to hand from Cairo is to the effect that Cherif Pasha has undertaken to form a Cabinet. Mahmoud Samy Pasha will be the Minister of War. All the regulations of the Military Commission are to be carried out, except the one respecting the increase of men. The regiments are to leave Cairo within a term to be fixed by Cherif Pasha.

The following is a perfectly true and exact account of recent events. Before noon on Friday a labourer on the Viceroy's estates at Koubieh overheard orders being given to the guard at that place to be ready to leave for Abdin at sound of bugle. He at once went to inform the Viceroy at Ismailieh, who sent for Rirz Pasha. At 1 p. m. Daoud Pasha was at lunch when he received a document signed Achmet Bey el Ourabi informing him that the troops had heard of various evil intentions on the part of the Government towards them, that his own, the fourth regiment, had been ordered to proceed to Alexandria, that the army, unable to stand further parley, repeated its demands for:—1, dismissal of Ministry; 2, a Constitution, 3, increase of troops to 18,000 men; that unless accepted at 3-30 p.m. the troops would march on Abdin and would remain there until their demands were executed. Daoud Pasha at once hastened to His Highness who had already sent for Mr. Colvin. Mr. Colvin had been informed by Riaz Pasha at 11 o'clock of the intention to send the 4th regiment to Alexandria. Mr. Colvin reached the palace of Ismalieh shortly after 2 p.m. Appealed to by the Khedive and asked for his counsel he gave it with extreme reluctance. Stone Pasha actually returned to Viceroy was bent on going to Abassieh hoping for the same results from the troops there, so went accompanied only by Mr. Colvin. Arrived at Abassieh they were informed that the troops with 11 cannon had already marched on Abdin. Following quickly they were yet unable to overtake them, the palace was already surrounded, they were only able to approach the side door by a detour.

The Viceroy was entering the Palace by this entrance when Mr. Colvin stopped him. He told him it was his duty to face the rioters. The Khedive who had shown no want of courage, turned and entered the courtyard. At some distance Achmet on horseback, with drawn sabre, surrounded by five or six officers and buglers, advanced to meet him. The Viceroy stopped and ordered him peremptorily to dismount. He did so and advanced with sabre still unsheathed. Ordered to return the sword to its scabbard he seemed to hesitate. A sergeant behind the Khedive said "Obey the Effendina." Achmet el Ourabi sheathed his sword, and it was observed that he did so with difficulty, as his hand trembled. Mr. Colvin here said to the Viceroy "Ask is weapon." The Viceroy replied, "We are between four fires." Mr. Colvin insisted, but Tewfik hesitated and asked the officer his business. Achmet el Ourabi replied—"We come for law and justice, so long as you grant it. You are our master; if you refuse we have another ready." Mr. Colvin here counselled the Viceroy that it was beneath his dignity to join in such a discussion, and advised him to retire; he did so accompanied by Mr. Colvin. Mr. Cookson addressed the troops. He pointed out to them the utter folly of their conduct, and inevitable ruin of all they had at heart resulting from it, urging them to send back the troops. El Ourabi in acknowledging the good will of Mr. Colvin, but adding that they came for their three points, that they would not leave till they had them, that it was a question between them and the Khedive, not concerning foreigners. Mr. Cookson replied that it was impossible to settle anything under compulsion, that even if the Khedive agreed he would be unable to perform.

At this period appeared Sir Frederick Goldsmid, shortly followed by Mr. Cookson, who had gone to report to his Government and had found a letter signed Ouradi Bey, informing him of their action, but assuring him that no harm was intended to Europeans. The Austrian Consul General shortly followed.

Upon Mr. Cookson's arrival Mr. Colvin at once left to him the initiative. H. M.'s Acting Consul General addressed the colonels with much good judgment. He assured them they were deceived and mistaken. It was impossible that either Turkey or the Powers could assent to Egyyt being subject to military domination. If satisfied to-day they would be dissatisfied to-morrow; they were acting in defiance of all military discipline and were only causing the ruin of their country. The officers remained obdurate; no conclusion was arrived at. Messrs. Colvin, Cookson and the rest retired to confer with the Viceroy and Ministers. It was about 5 when they returned, and, after further discussion, the officers consented, with some objections, to refer the second and third points to Constantinople; as to the first H. H. agreed to accept the resignation of the Ministry expressly stating that he did so under compulsion. Here further discussion took place, the officers desiring to make certain provisoes that neither Circassians nor relations of the Viceroy should hold the portfolio of war. At last it was agreed that the Viceroy should name the President and leave to him the choice of Ministers. Two names were then given by the Viceroy—Haidar and Ismail Eyoub Pashas—to which both the officers objected. El Ourabi, proceeded by Mr. Colvin with breaking his engagement, said that the others were too strong for him. An officer named Cherif Pasha, whose name was greeted with acclamations. The Khedive said that Cherif Pasha would be found to be the nominee of officers, the soldiers insisted; protesting it was useless, the Khedive agreed to ask him. The officers required that declaration in writing a letter was written to Cherif asking him to accept. Khairi Pasha carried the letter from the Viceroy to the Colonels, Ourabi read it aloud, the troops cried "Vive le Khedive," and seemed about to disperse. But the officers returned and demanded the dismissal of the Preset de Police, Abdel-Kader Pasha. Both Mr. Cookson and Mr. Colvin stoutly refused to entertain. The troops dispersed and the three Colonels begged permission to kiss the Viceroy's feet, a demand which was accorded without difficulty.

Cherif Pasha arrived in the evening and at once refused to take office. Since then, he and Mr. Colvin, ably supported by Mr. Cookson, have been endeavouring to act as mediators [illegible] and the Khedive. No conclusion [illegible] at up to a late hour on Monday night. Cherif's condition was that the officers should resign under his guarantee of full and complete amnesty. Failing any accord it was not impossible that the Viceroy would be asked to temporarily delegate his powers to Cherif who would consent to such an arrangement provided the troops would agree to go where ever ordered. As regards results of four demands made, one had been accepted under compulsion, two had been referred to Constantinople, and one had been refused consideration. Had it been possible it would certainly have been preferable to have accepted a "Consitution" and to have allowed the Ministerial question to stand over instead of the reverse, but in moments like those of Friday the promptest settlement obtainable is the most desirable seeing that the best can be but temporary. The conduct of Mr. Colvin was beyond all praise; he showed a decision and promptitude in action which surprised all but his most intimate friends, his perfect *sang froid*, self-possession and tact saved the situation so far as it was possible. Had the Khedive either followed his advice in returning at once to Abdin, or had the courage to act in accordance with his bolder counsels, the whole course of things might have been different. As it was he induced him to exert as much authority as he was capable of exercising, and then saved his dignity by withdrawing him from discussion. Mr. Cookson's action, as first misconstrued upon imperfect information, will meet with general approval. The only other member of the Consular body present was Mr. Boleslawski, who took a merely nominal part in the proceedings.

Achmet el Ourabi and the chief leaders of this revolt are, we believe, honest and misguided men. They are endowed with that dangerous quality "a little knowledge." They repeat the stock phrases of professional agitators, very imperfectly understanding their meaning. They believe—or perhaps we should say believe—that they represent the entire country, that liberty is a commodity possessing certain hidden qualities only to be obtained by self-sacrifice, that Europens and particularly Englishmen are hungering for their country, and that it is their duty to oppose them. It is impossible to feel aught but pity for these men. It has become a necessity to adopt severe measures with them, and no sympathy must be wasted upon [illegible] whenever it is shown [illegible] become necessary; but all who [illegible] tact with these men feel that [illegible] should be used first to bring [illegible] rough really ruining their [illegible] the best motives and in [illegible] leagues are not likely [illegible] uld be tempted to [illegible] ingle instance in [illegible] ding to liberty or [illegible] We would say [illegible] for their soil, [illegible] fficers, may, [illegible] which she [illegible] ion, that [illegible] returns [illegible] ng for [illegible] nds, [illegible] ool [illegible]

BANKS.

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HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

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No. 3, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES.

On THURSDAY, the 6th October next, at 4 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by public auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee Rajcooverbai, daughter of Beijlall Koonibeeharee, and on account and risk of Dhacoo Mahadoo Rawoot, and Gungabai, widow of Dhurmsee Mungalia, the mortgagors, the following valuable landed properties:—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, situate lying and being at Foras Road, fronting towards east, and bounded on the east by the property wall of Hussabeebee, daughter of Beijlall Koonibeeharee, and on account and risk of the said Hussainbeebee, on the west by vacant ground and passage of the oart, on the north by a foot-path and the first-mentioned property, and on the south by the property wall of Babajee Gopal, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates under No. 29, and formerly and latterly in the occupation of Rango Sitaram and other tenants at the yearly and secondly above mentioned properties, containing by admeasurement 338 8-9th square yards or thereabouts.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of an oart situate at Breach Candy Road, containing 33 6-9th square yards, and bounded on the east by the passage of the oart, on the west by the property wall of Goremohon on the north by the vacant ground of Ragoo Fackeer, and on the south by the property wall of Babajee Gopal, and formerly and latterly in the occupation of Dhacoo Mahadoo Rawoot and Gungabai, widow, and the said firstly, secondly, and thirdly abovementioned properties are situate in the subdistrict of Mandvee and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under new survey No. 7,019.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 29th September, 1881.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 29th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey, white, and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c., &c:—

10 bales grey dhoties.
3 ,, ,, shirtings.
1 case plated table candlesticks with shades
1 bundle zink sheets.
On account of the concerned—
30 cases nullaged champagne by Jules Mumms.
1 quarter cask brandy, in quarts and pints.
1 ,, ,, whisky.
1 ,, ,, marsella.
1 ,, ,, porter.
1 hogshead cognac.
3 packages Chinaware.
4 cases tea.
4 pieces spelter.

AUCTION SALE OF SHARES.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazaar, by order of Khoja Suriff Salaymahomed and on account and at the risk of Cursonjee Roychund.

1 share in the New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, No. 2,717.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Share Bazar, by order of Sewjee Dhurumsee, on account and at the risk of Madhevdass Ghella Mody.

8 shares in the New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.

On account and at the risk of Sha Ramdass Gungadass Dosey.

15 shares in the New Dhurumsey Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.

AUCTION SALE OF COALS.

On MONDAY, the 3rd October, at 3 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Carnac Bunder and Clarke Basin, on account and at the risk of Ebram Lutiff.

About 1,672 tons Londendery West Hartley steam coals, ex s. s. Cyprus.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 29th September, 1881.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES at Parell and Withalwady.

Messrs. S. SHRICRISTNAJEE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 7th, and SATURDAY, the 8th proximo, at the premises at 4 p.m. each day, by order of mortgagees, Narandas Nathoobhoy, Esq., and Achratbai, widow of Pranjiwandas Ransordas, on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Gunputrow Pandoorung.

Lot No. 1, on FRIDAY, the 7th.

All that piece or parcel of cultivated land of ground, with the messuage, tenement, dwelling-house or bungalow built and standing thereon, situate in the sub-district of Mandvee, at Parell, and in the rear of Government house, and bounded on the east by certain pans belonging to Joseph Caffree Gome Doming Essene Souza and Javo De Souza, on the west by a passage to the temple of Ramchundra Bhaskerjee and two pans belonging to Withoba Mancojee, on the north by the pans belonging to Withoba Mancojee, and on the south by the pans belonging to Ramchandra Bhaskerjee and Withoba Mancojee' and also two beds of batty ground called Bengalore Rice, ample with date trees standing thereon, containing by admeasurement one phara and eleven pallees of batty, situated also in the sub-district of Mandvee at Parell, and bounded on the east by the batty ground of Doming Essene De Souza and Caffree Gome, on the west by the batty ground of Jeti Takodi, on the north by the batty ground of Jawoo, widow of the late Pedro Gome, and on the south by the batty ground of Bapoo Kessowjee. And also two other beds of batty ground called Mungalee Kerpole, with mango trees, and date trees, and one well standing thereon, containing by admeasurement three-and-a-half phara and one batty, situate also in the sub-district of Mandvee at Parell, and bounded on the east by the batty ground of Jet Thacore, on the west by the batty ground of Chaoo Jaokein, on the north by the public road, and on the south by the batty ground of Bapojee Kessowjee and Ramchundra Bhaskerjee.

Lot No. 2, on SATURDAY, the 8th, at Withalwady.

All that piece or parcel of land with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, situate, lying and being at Fofalwady, in the sub-district of Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay, being thirty-two feet in length and one hundred and twenty feet in breadth or thereabouts, assessed under No. 8, and fronting the said Fofulwady or Gwoolwady lane, on the east side thereof, and bounded on the east by the property of Sitaram Govind, on the west by Fofulwady or Gwoolwady lane, on the north by the house of Kalia Bhanjee, and on the south by the compound wall of the property of Ladha Cullian.

SADANUND SHRICRISTNAJEE & Co.

Bombay, 29th September, 1881.

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MESSRS. WISDOM AND WARTER,
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HAVING appointed us their BOMBAY AGENTS, we have the pleasure to offer for Sale their excellent SHERRY WINES, at the following cheap rates:—

Extra Dry, very clean and elegant, in Quarter Casks of about 27 imperial gallons	.....	Rs. 150
Manzanilla do.	.....	,, 170
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Pints	,,	3 4 ,,	7 doz.
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Pauillac Medoc	.. ,,	,, 10	0 ,,
BRANDY—Prince Napoleon.		,, 17	0 ,,

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CLARETS—Medoc	..... in quarts.	Rs. 9	12 per doz.
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Poutet Canet	..... ,,	,, 11	4 ,,
Chateau Leoville	..... ,,	,, 14	4 ,,
BRANDY—Giraffe	..... ,,	,, 17	0 ,,
Vieux Cognac	..... ,,	,, 21	4 ,,

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Beer in cases of 4 dozen quarts	.....	Rs. 6	8 per doz.
,, ,, 6 ,, pints	.....	,, 4	0 ,,

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